Age	18+	Number of people	60 people approximately	Topic	Biotechnology and agricultural
Date					
Purpose	The student is introduced to scientific concepts of synthetic biology to comprehend the modern synbio solution for many problems. We also introduced them to our proyect and the kind of technology we are using in an attempt to save the crops, using terminology they use.		Time	60-90 minutes	
Name of the activity			Expected learning		
Synbio lectures			Considers broa	oad topics as possible future solutions	
sequence				Resources	
Presentation ( 45-60 minutes)					
A) Problematic  We explained thouroughly why this problematic is significant, and the position of those who suffer it.				Presentation	
B) Nowadays solutions					
Before explaining synbio we explained the solutions that farmers use as of now and some of the negative effects they may present in various aspects. This section changed a bit depending on the University since some om them focus more on environmental topic and others on agro, etc.				Presentation	
C) Synbio					
We made clear what synbio was with a simple description and a couple of examples where synbio has been used for problem solving in different areas (environmental, health, etc.)				Presentation	
D) Synbio solutions					
We focused on pur proyects and deepened on the development on mechanism of it.				Presentation	
E) Closure and invitation to follow us on social platforms					
Q & A (15-30 minutes)					

# SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY

A SUSTAINABLE TOOL TO FIGHT CHILLI WILT



iGEM Tec-Chihuahua





# www.menti.com code 6063 2142

# ¿CAN YOU IMAGINE WATCHING YOUR LIFE'S WORK DIE IN FRONT OF YOUR EYES?



Chilli producers report looses up to a



in their crops due to wilt, a disease caused by the oomycete *Phytophtora capsici* 

## IMPORTANCE



In 2020 there was a production of 723 thousand tons = 5,011 million pesos



12,000 producers and more than 30 million laborers



#1 on the scale of world wide exportation on chilli and peppers

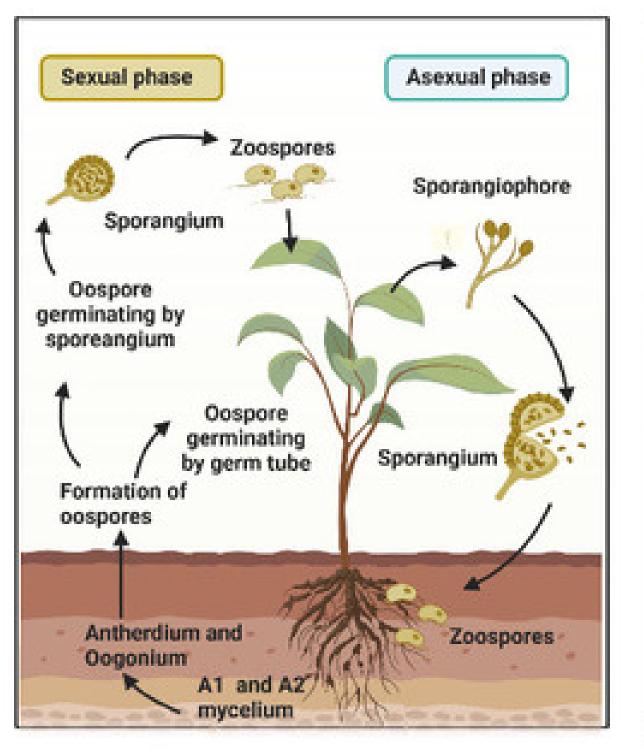
#### Mechanism of action of the omycete

# Haustorial mother cell Haustorium Nutrients Effectors Plant membrane

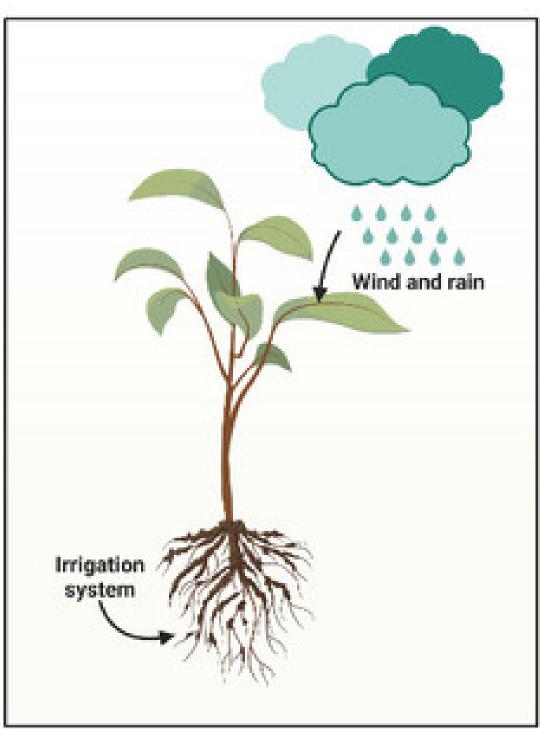
Plant cytosol

Plant host nucleus

#### Phytophtora capsici life cycle

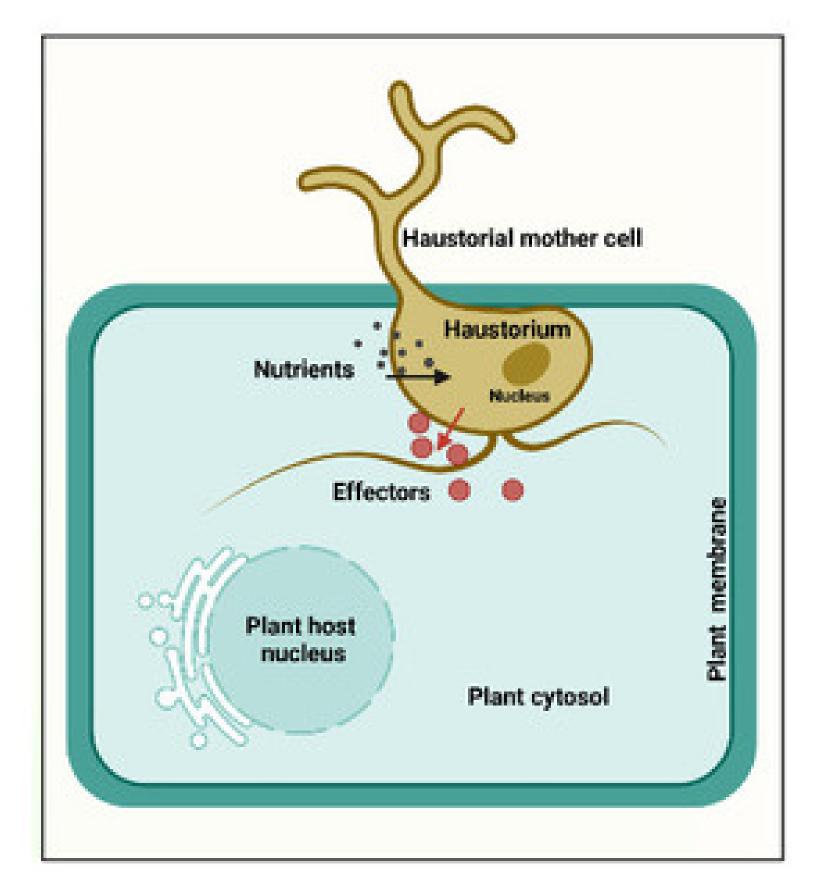


#### Transmission of the omycete

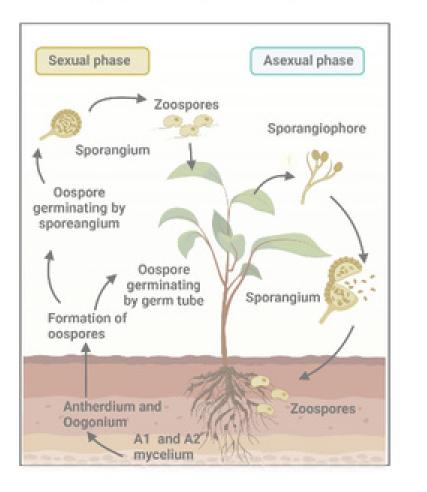


(Xu et al., 2007; Jackson et al., 2010)

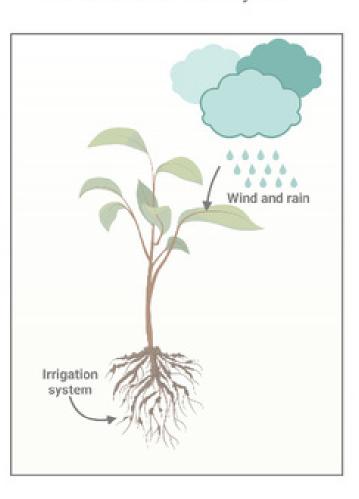
#### Mechanism of action of the omycete



Phytophtora capsici life cycle



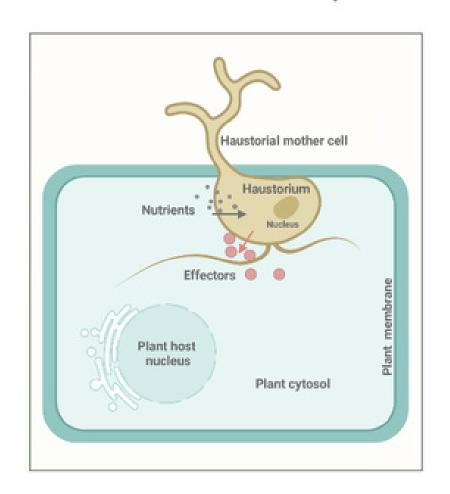
Transmission of the omycete

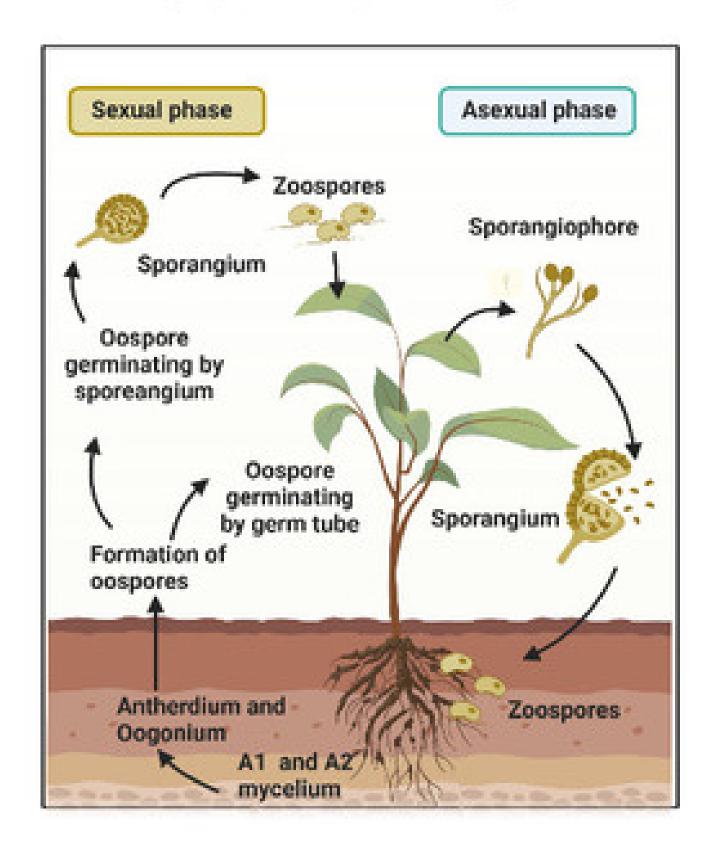


(Xu et al., 2007; Jackson et al., 2010)

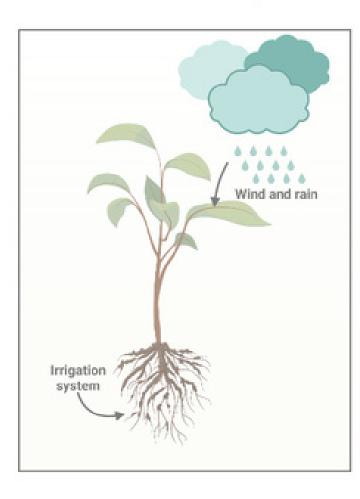
#### Phytophtora capsici life cycle

Mechanism of action of the omycete

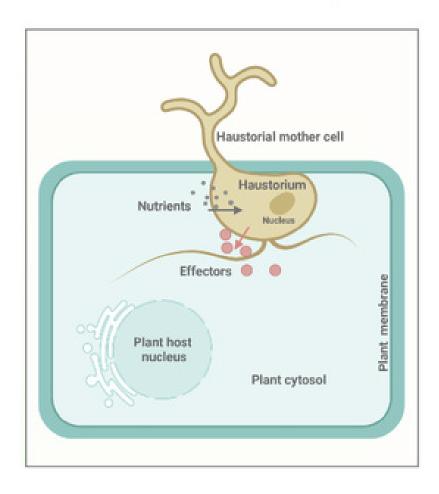




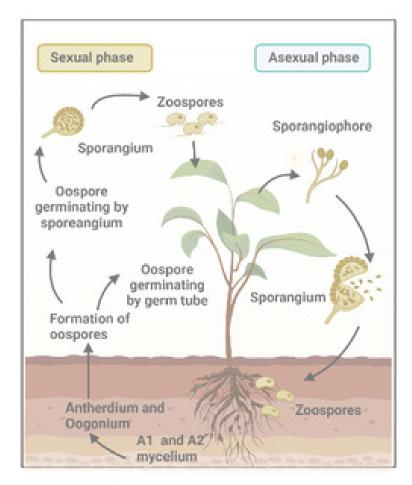
Transmission of the omycete



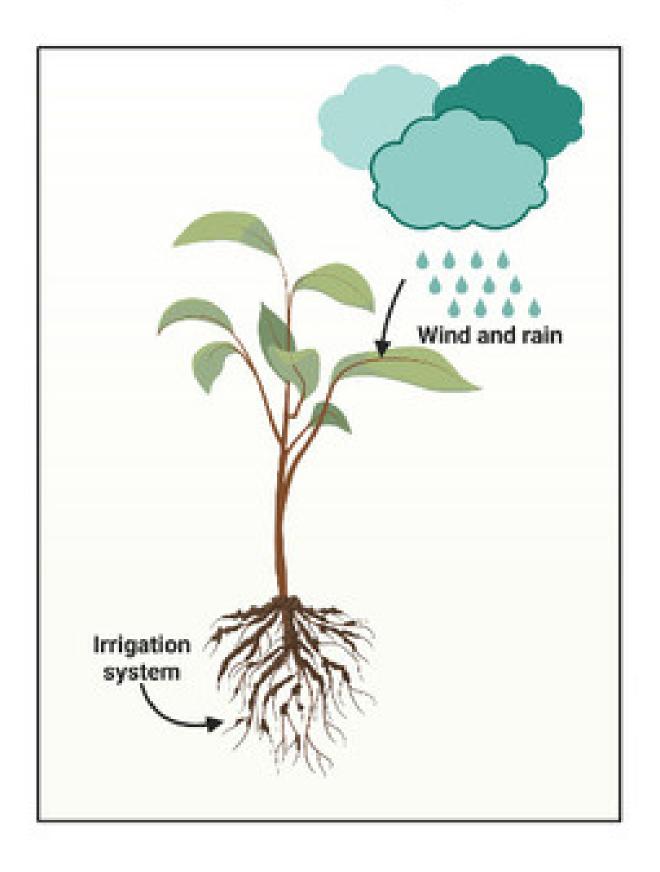
#### Mechanism of action of the omycete



#### Phytophtora capsici life cycle



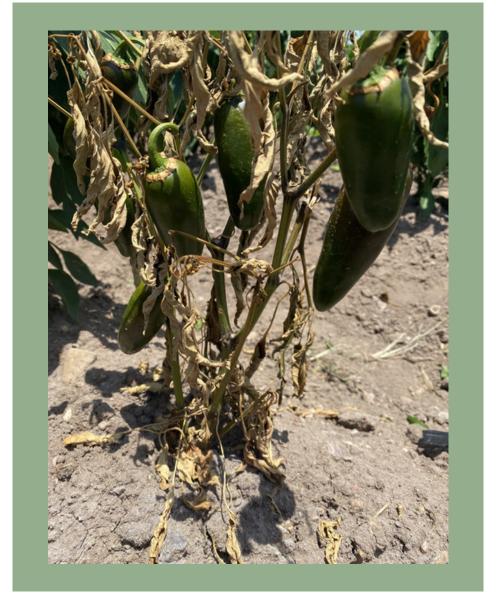
#### Transmission of the omycete



# **SYMPTOMS**

The symptoms of the disease are divided into 2 main categories: Symptoms that appear before the seed germinates and symptoms that appear after the germination. During the first stage, seeds can't germinate and they go rot. On the second, they can germinate and get rot before cotyledons appear





# AGRO CHEMICALS

Currently, farmers use chemicals that result harmful to the environment, human health and create pathogenic resistance



## **ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS**

#### SHORT TERM

#### **LONG TERM**

CLOSE ENVIRONMENT

Immediate contamination of the abiotic environment such as land, water bodies and air

Death of the vulnerable organisms that affect physiological equilibrium of the exposed living beings and resistance development in organisms

FAR ENVIRONMENT



New contaminants that take years to degrade, indirect exposition, persistence in food and harming of the trophic nets



Effects on the trophic net

(Gobierno de México, s.f.)

# BIOLOGIC CONTROL

#### **DISADVANTAGES**

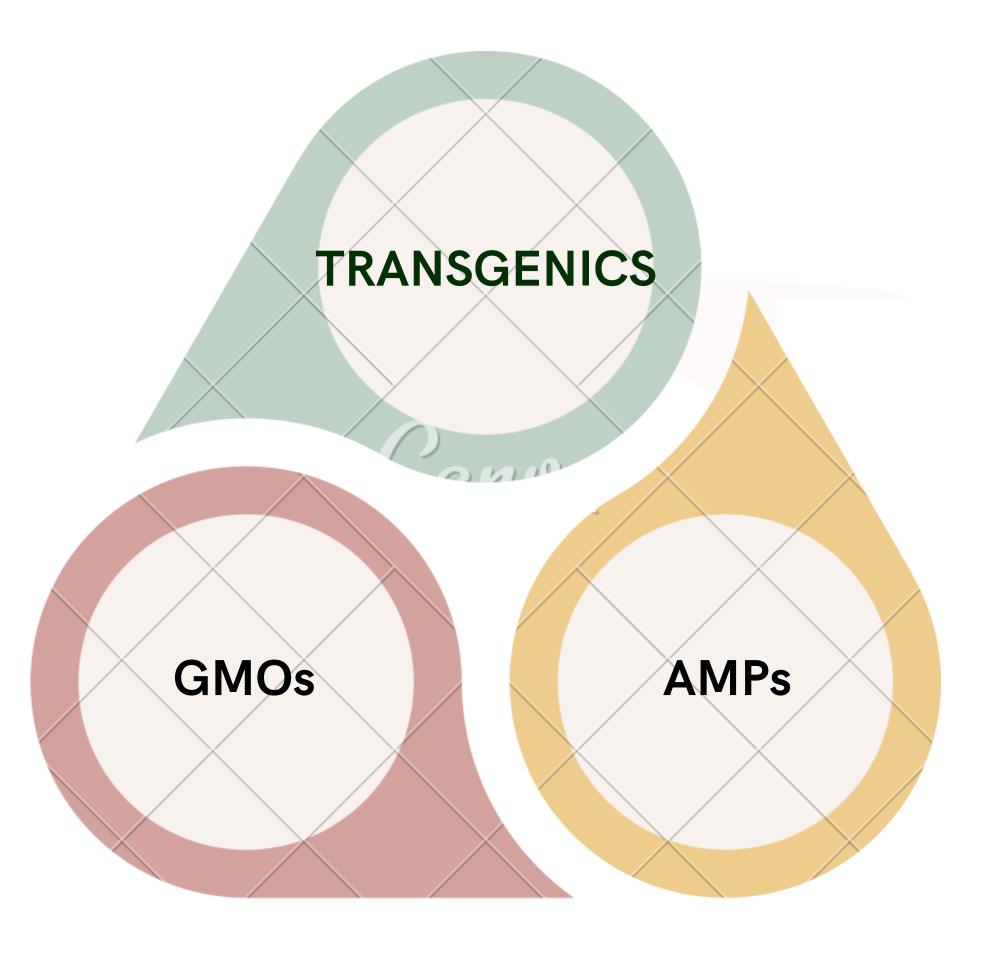
It requires time, it's a slow response

Must have the proper knowledges to apply this type of control

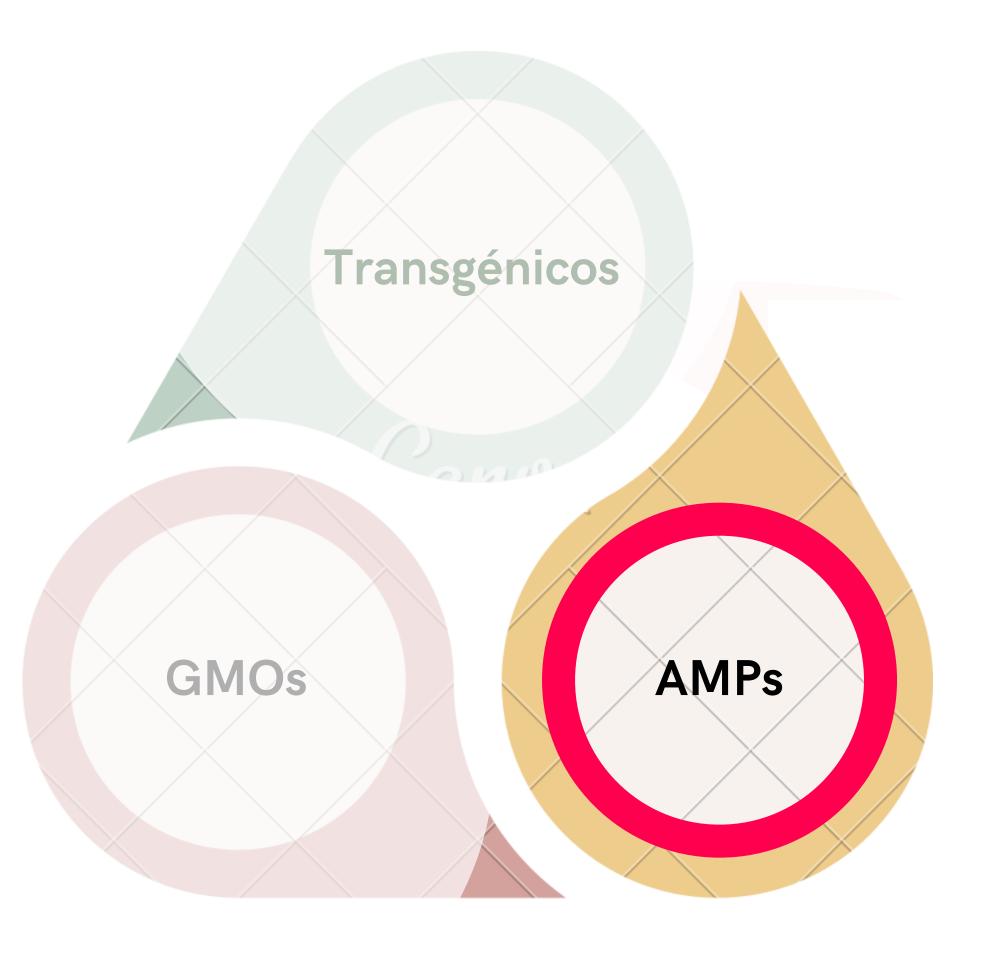
To find the right one, biological knowledge is necessary



# NEW **ALTERNATIVES** THAT CAME UP THANKS TO SYNTHETIC **BIOLOGY**



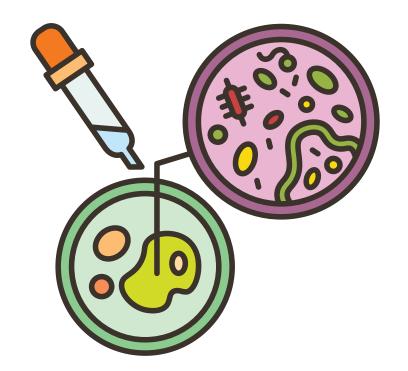
# NEW **ALTERNATIVES** THAT CAME UP THANKS TO SYNTHETIC **BIOLOGY**



"SynBio" is a recent and upcoming discipline that allows the designing or re-designing os biological systems to give them new or enhanced qualities.

## **Examples**

- Drugs
- Gene therapy
- Biorremediation
- Bio sensors
- Bio factorys



(Muñoz-Miranda *et al.*, 2019)

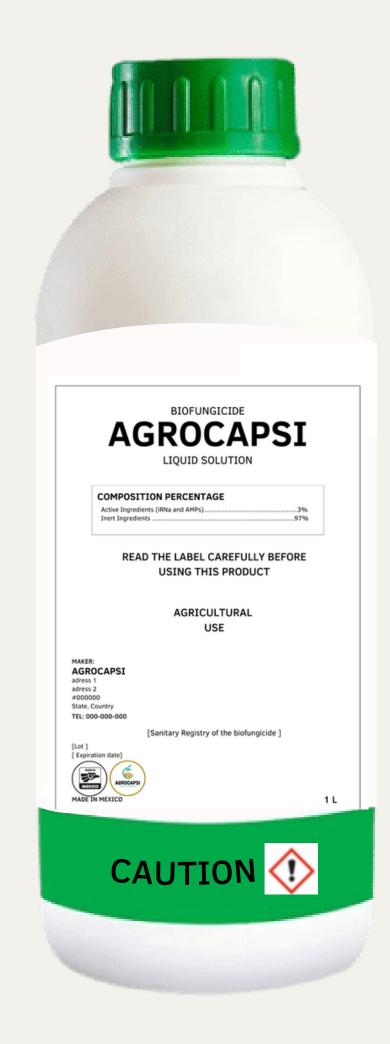
# THAT'S HOW OUR PROJECT WAS BORN AGROCAPSI

A biofungicide that controls and eliminates *P. capsici* through SynBio



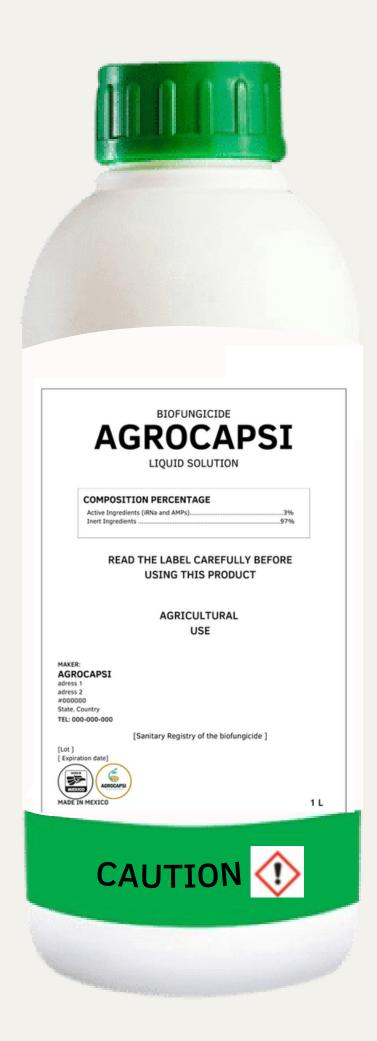
Environmentally responsable

■ Not a risk to human health



Antimicrobial peptides and interference RNA

- Osmotin
- Dermaseptin
- iRNA



## **Dermaseptin DrsB1**

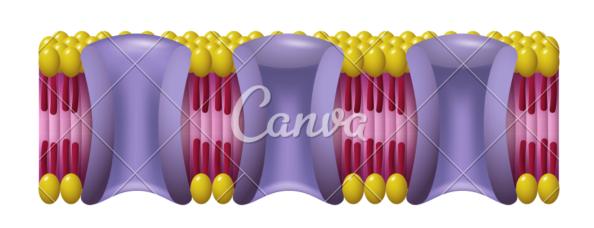
It is a peptide naturally produced by *Phyllomedusa bicolor* (bicolor frog). It is not toxic in any way

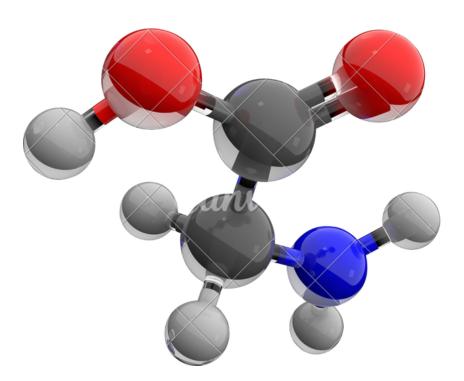
#### Destabilizes the membrane



#### **Osmotin PcOSM**

It is a peptide naturally found in *Piper colubrinum*. This is one of the few chilli species that are naturally resistant to this oomycete.





**Destabilizes the membrane** 

**Induces ROS** 

**13** 

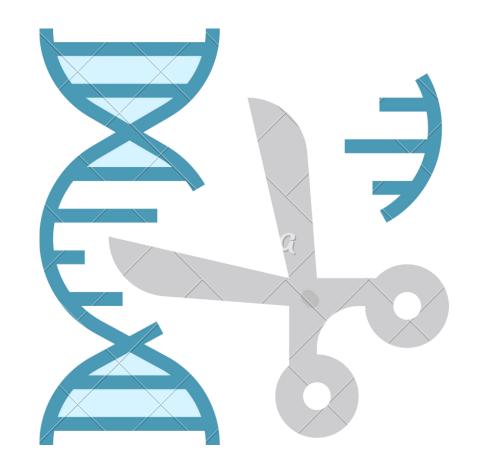
(Geetha, et al., 2021; Mani & Manjula, 2010)

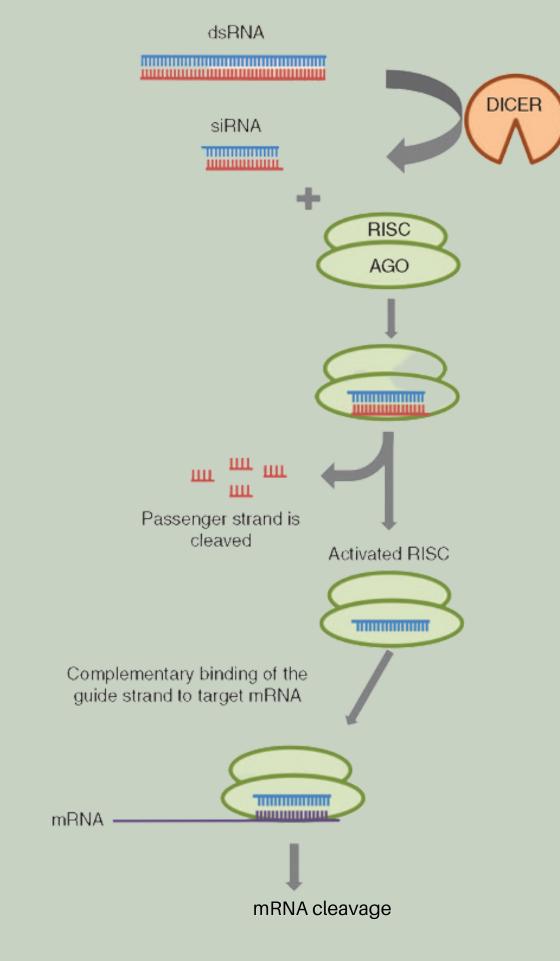


#### **iRNA RXLR1**

Assays on transitory over expression and promotion of the infection indicates that the gene RXLR1 could promote pathogenic infection.

**Genetic silencing** 





# ¿What is iGEM?

The known limits of SynBio are exceeded to solve different problems faced world wide. The point is to solve complex situations through bioremediation, therapeutics and sustainable materials. The idea of SynBio goes beyond the laboratory; there exists a compromise with the stake holders, local communities and iGEM teams through different collaborations.





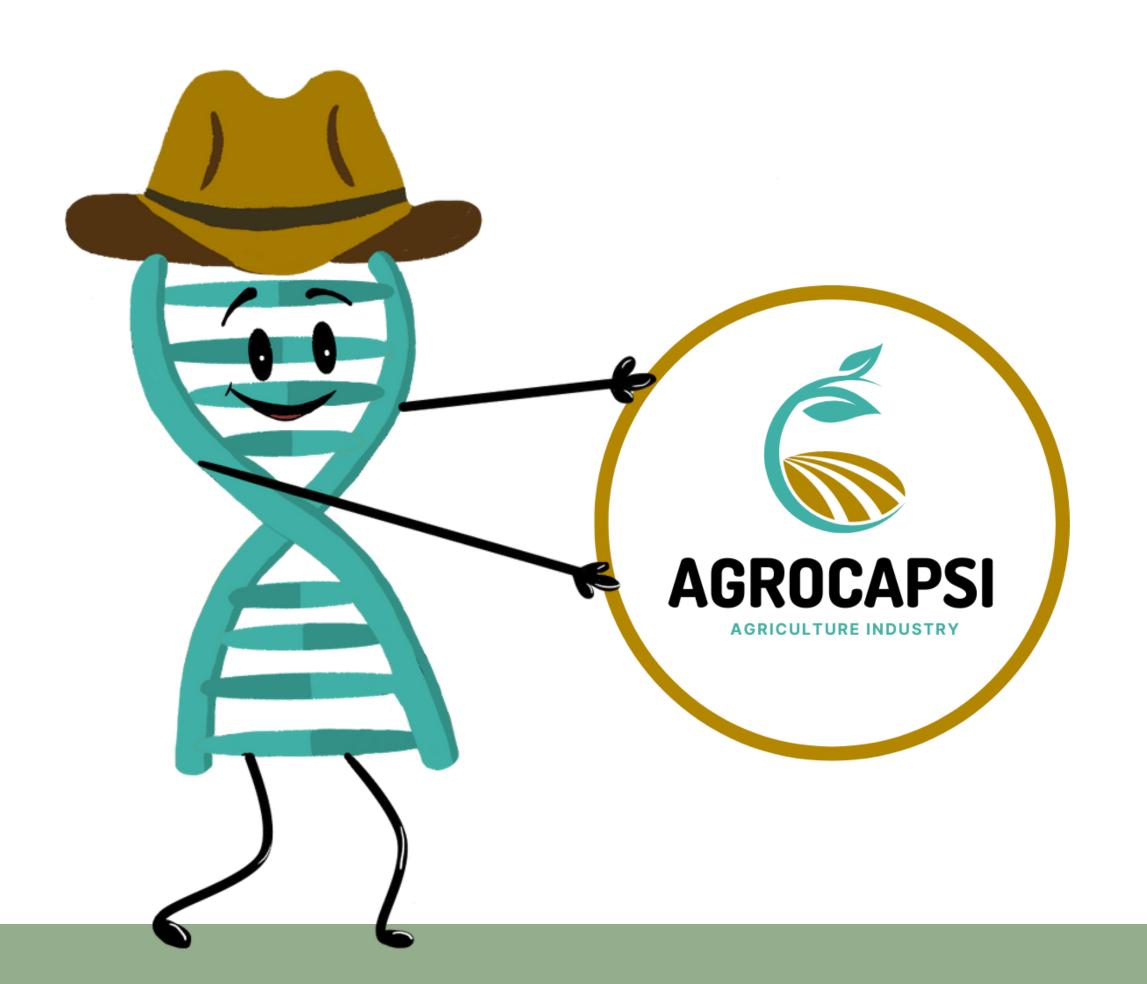


# Manuals:

 Main problems in chilli production



¿Questions?



# Thanks!









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