

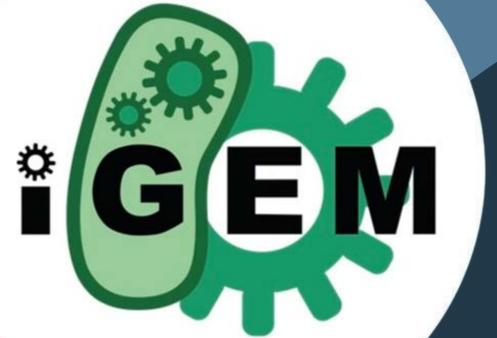


iGEMX合成生物學

小講堂

13

生醫資訊研究所暨系統與合成生物學研究中心 張傳雄老師、張菁芬老師 2022 iGEM NYCU-Taipei 成員

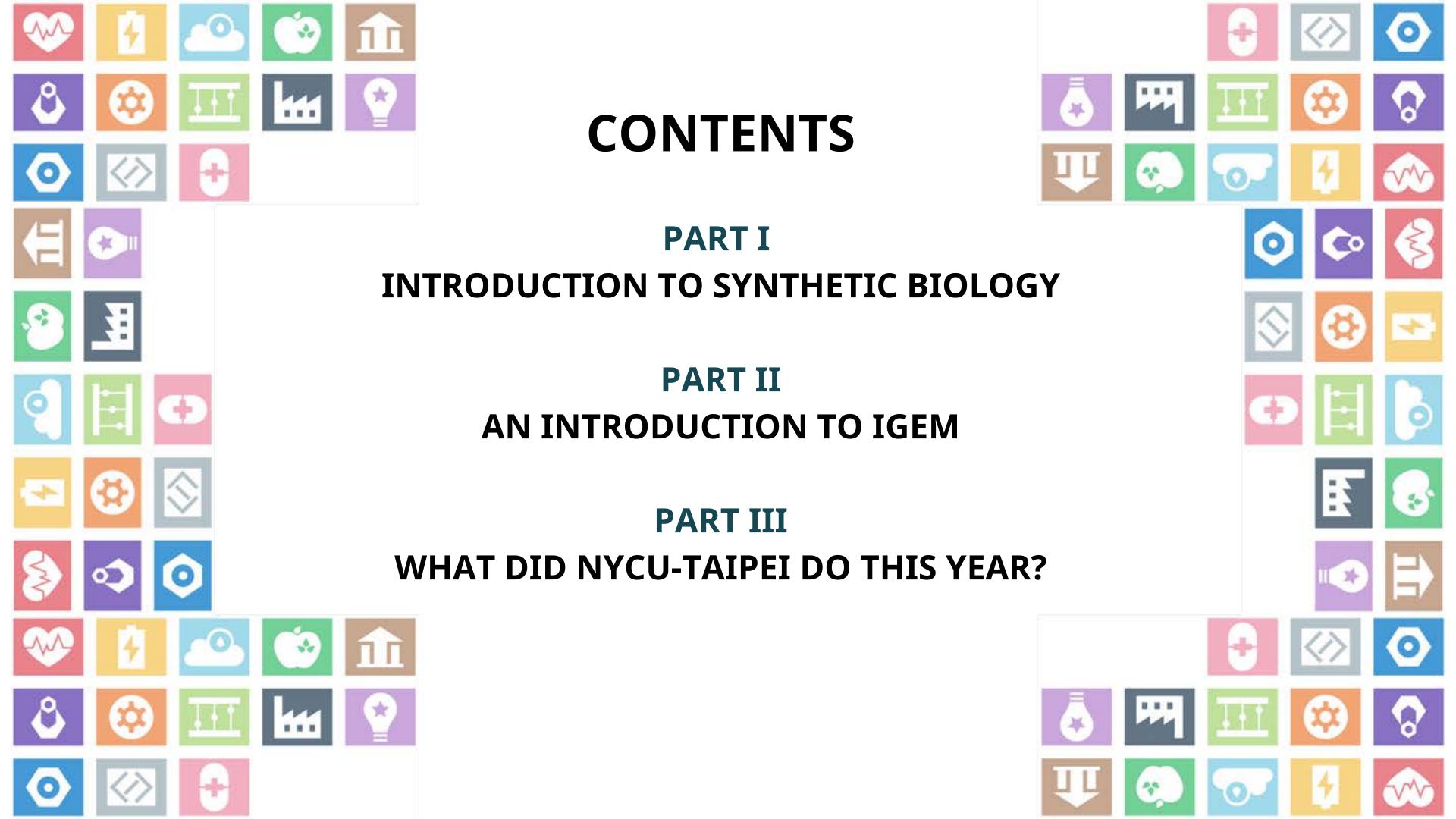




NYCU ON-CAMPUS SYNBIO SYSMPOSIUM

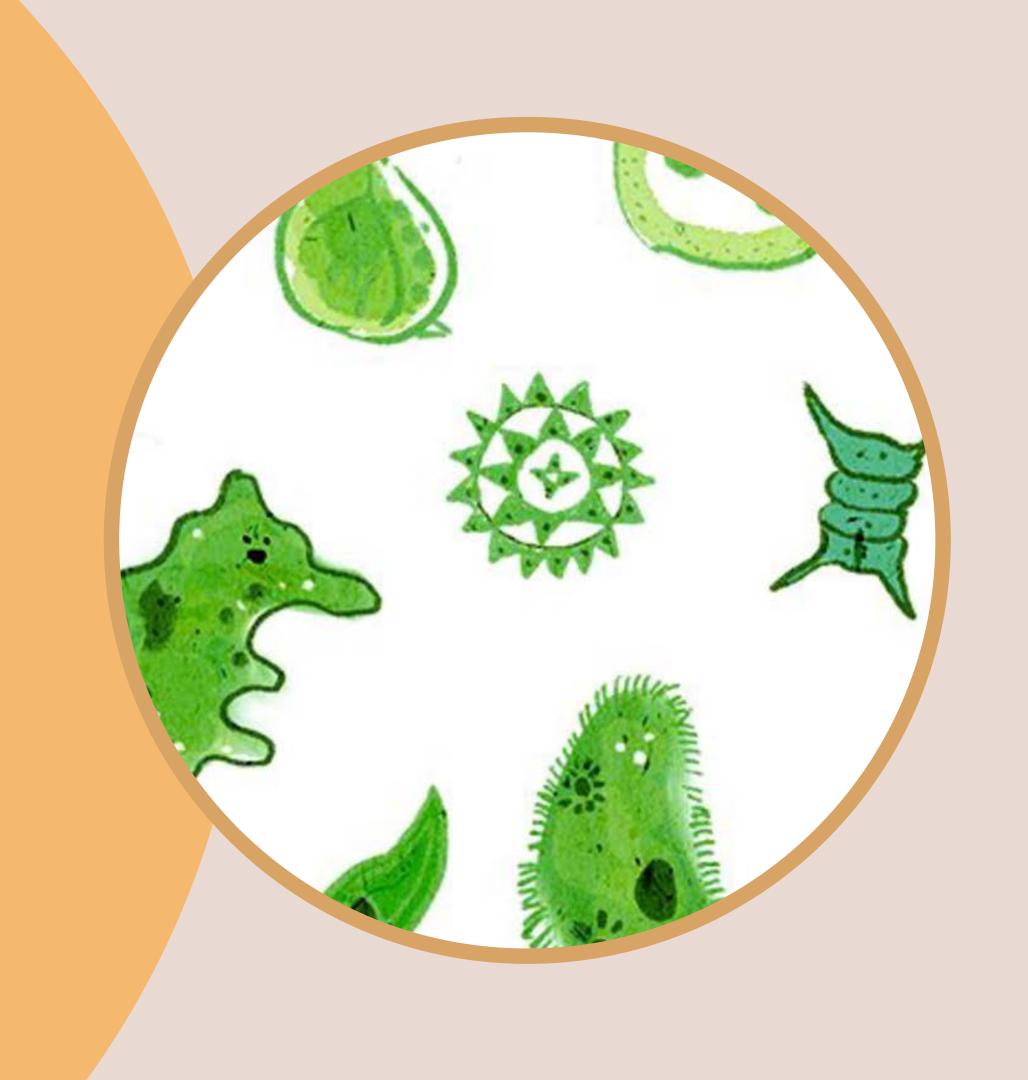


生醫資訊研究所暨系統與合成生物學研究中心 張傳雄老師、張菁芬老師 2022 iGEM NYCU-Taipei 成員



PART 1

INTRODUCTION TO SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY



BREAKING FOUNDATION AT THE TURN OF THE MILLENIUM

Synthetic biology (n.)

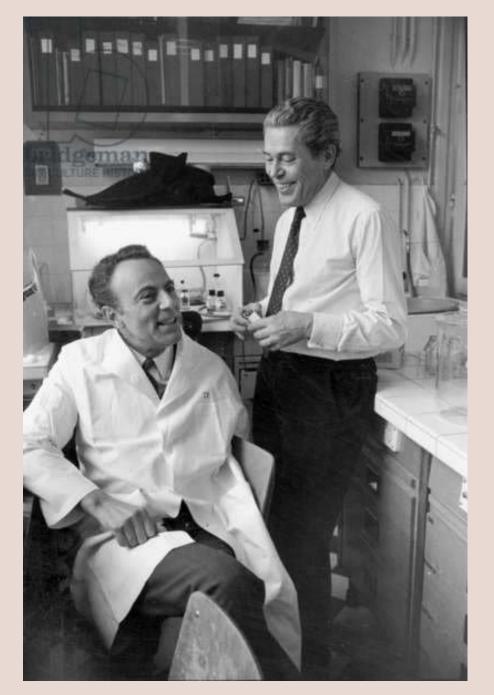
"Synthetic biology is the engineering of biology."

INTRODUCTORY VIDEO



WHAT SHAPED SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY?

1961-1999: IN ITS EARLY AGES



Francois Jacob & Jacques Monod

- Study of the *lac* operon in *E. coli*
- Development of molecular cloning and PCR
- DNA sequencing & high-throughput techniques
- The rise of "systems biology"

REGULATORY
NETWORKS
Top-down approach

Bottom-up approach

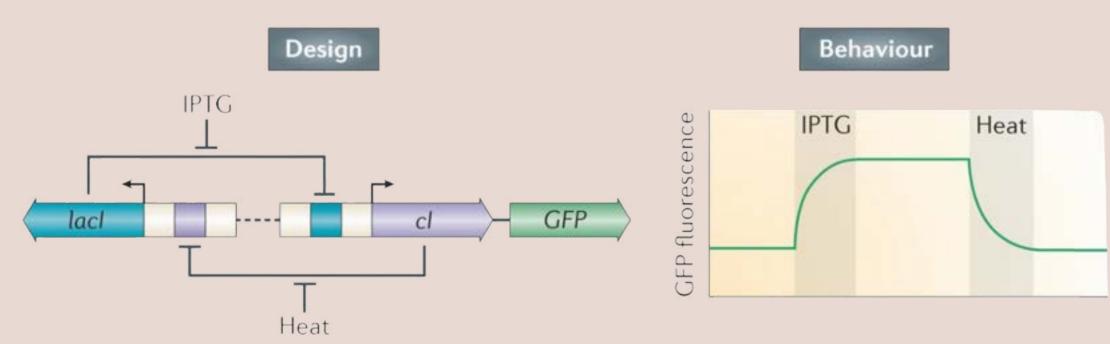
MOLECULAR PARTS

WHAT SHAPED SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY?

2000-2003: THE FOUNDATIONAL YEARS



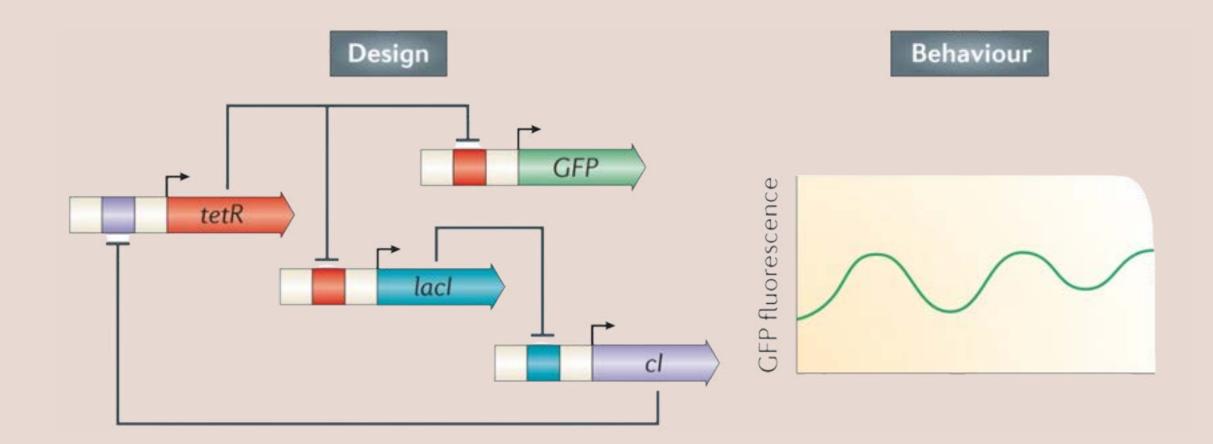
- Creating simple gene regulatory circuits in *E. coli*
- The "Toggle switch"



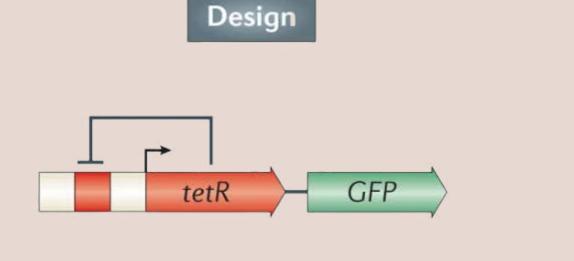
James J. Collins, Ph.D.

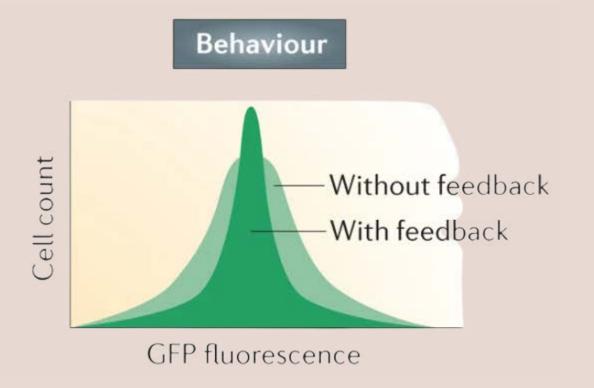
OTHER EXAMPLES OF GENE CIRCUITS

Repressilator



Autoregulatory circuit

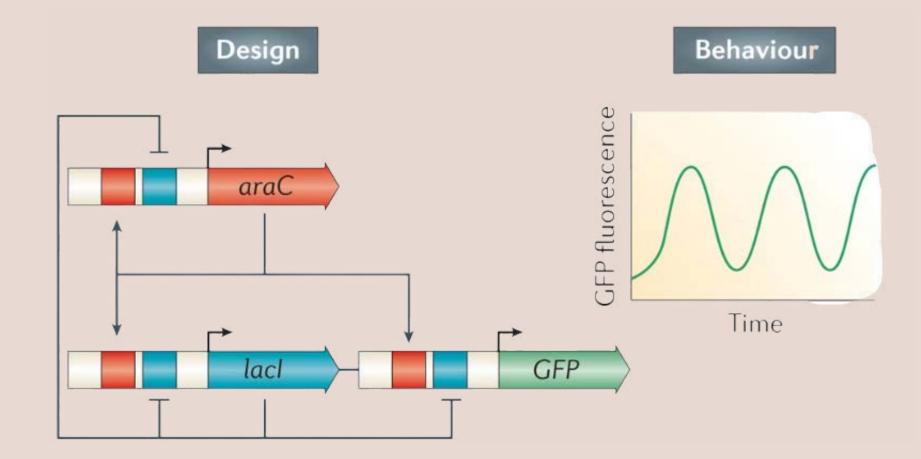


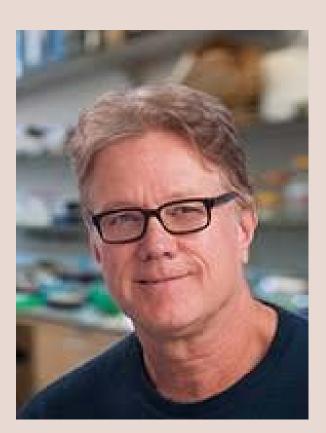


WHAT SHAPED SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY?

2004–2007: EXPANSION AND GROWTH 2008–NOW: INCREASE IN PACE AND SCALE

- 2004: First international synthetic biology conference held at MIT
- Novel circuit design: logic gate, RNA-based systems
- More complex and application-based designs

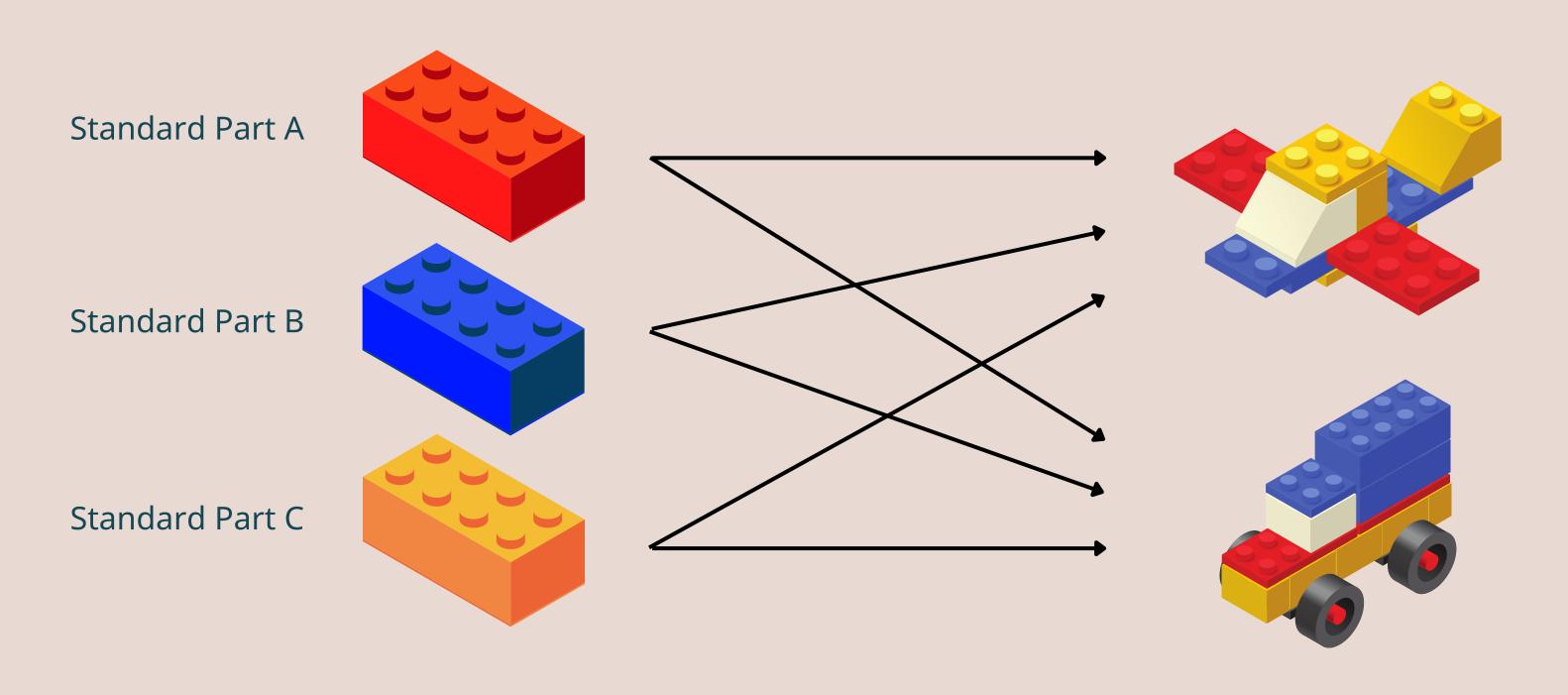




Jeff Hasty, Ph.D.

SO...WHAT IS SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY?

The assembly of **standardized and modular parts** which enables the synthesis of 'biological systems' in a rational and systematic way.



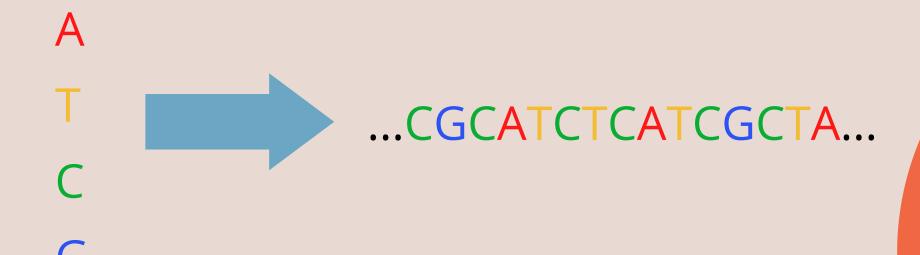
COMMON QUESTIONS

SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY VS GENOME EDITING

- Both involve changing an organism's genetic code
- Genome editing: small addition/deletion of an organism's DNA
- Synthetic biology: involves greater changes

Cross-species

Synthesizing novel DNA sequences



COMMON QUESTIONS

IS IT POSSIBLE TO ? SYNTHESIZE AN ENTIRE GENOME

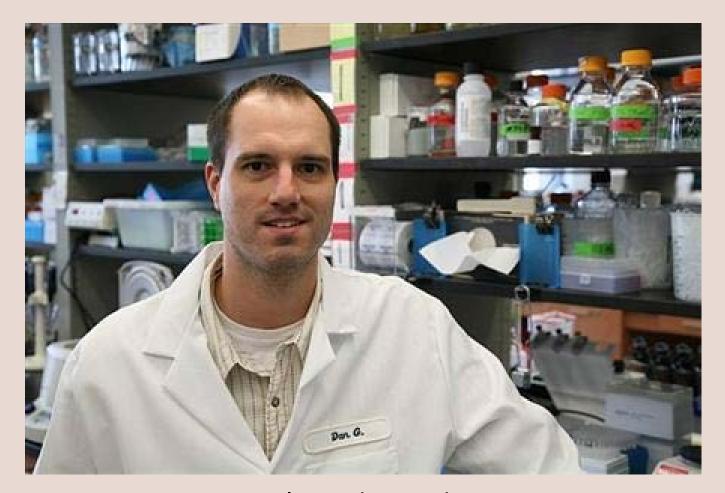
YES!

2002: Live poliovirus artificially synthesized

2008: Synthesis of the Mycoplasm genitalium genome



Jeronimo Cello, Aniko Paul, and Eckard Wimmer



Daniel G. Gibson Ph.D.

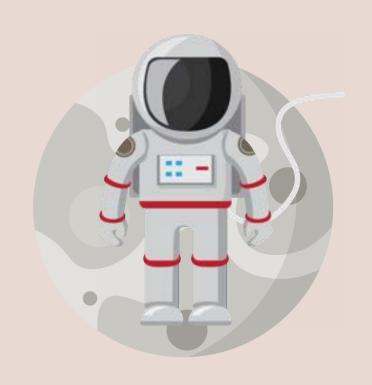
Public health and safety concerns?

COMMON QUESTIONS

DOES SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY HAVE ITS OWN CHALLENGES



"OUTSIDE-THE-LAB" VS LABORATORY SETTINGS



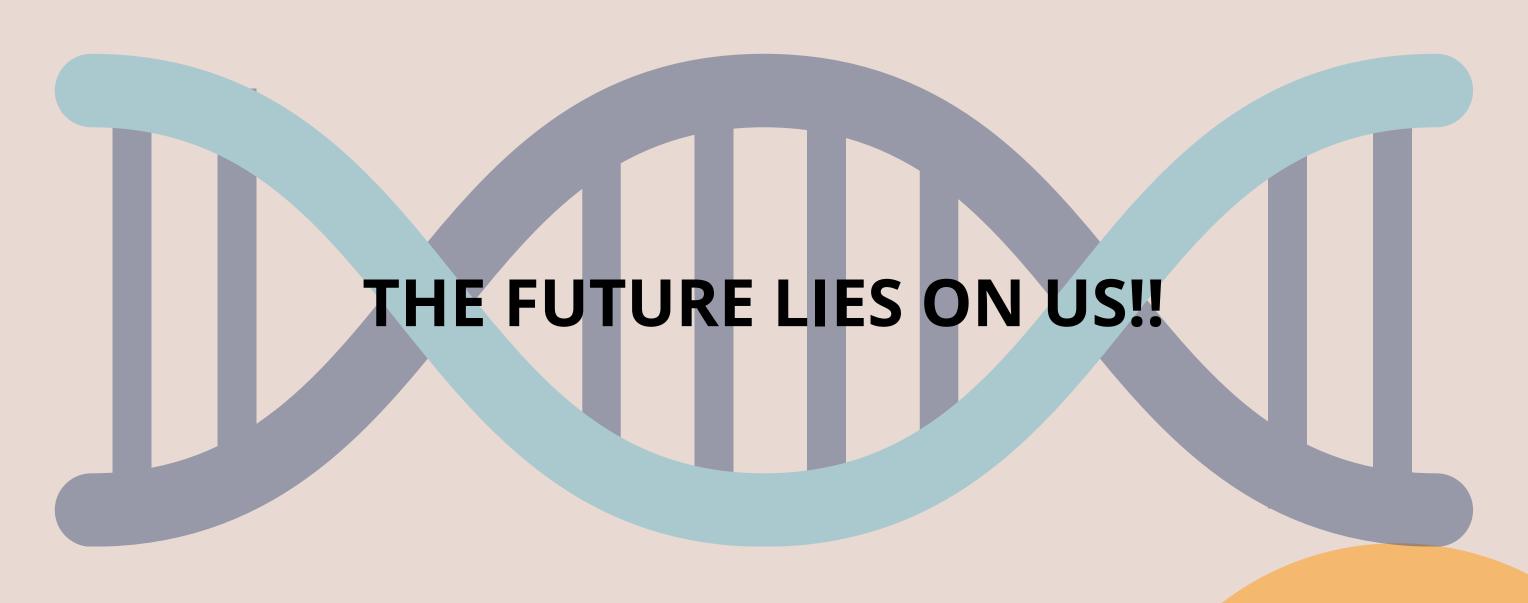




- Stable under variable storage conditions?
- Can it be run on minimal resources and equipment?
- Is it operable without experienced professionals?

ECOSYSTEM BIODIVERSITY AND CONSERVATION

- Is synthetic biology "reshaping" nature?
- Or instead... offering "extraordinary opportunities" for conservation?



HOW IS SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY APPLIED IN REAL LIFE?



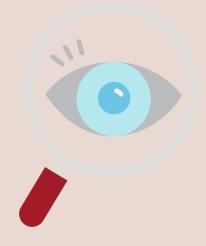
HEALTHCARE AND LIFE SCIENCES

- Yeast engineered to produce rose oil
- Rice modified to produce beta-carotene



AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENT

- Microorganisms harnessed for bioremediation
- Corn-specific nitrogen-fixing bacteria



PROTEIN SCREENING

- Automated platform for rapid antibody screening
- Test of effective enzyme variants

PART 2

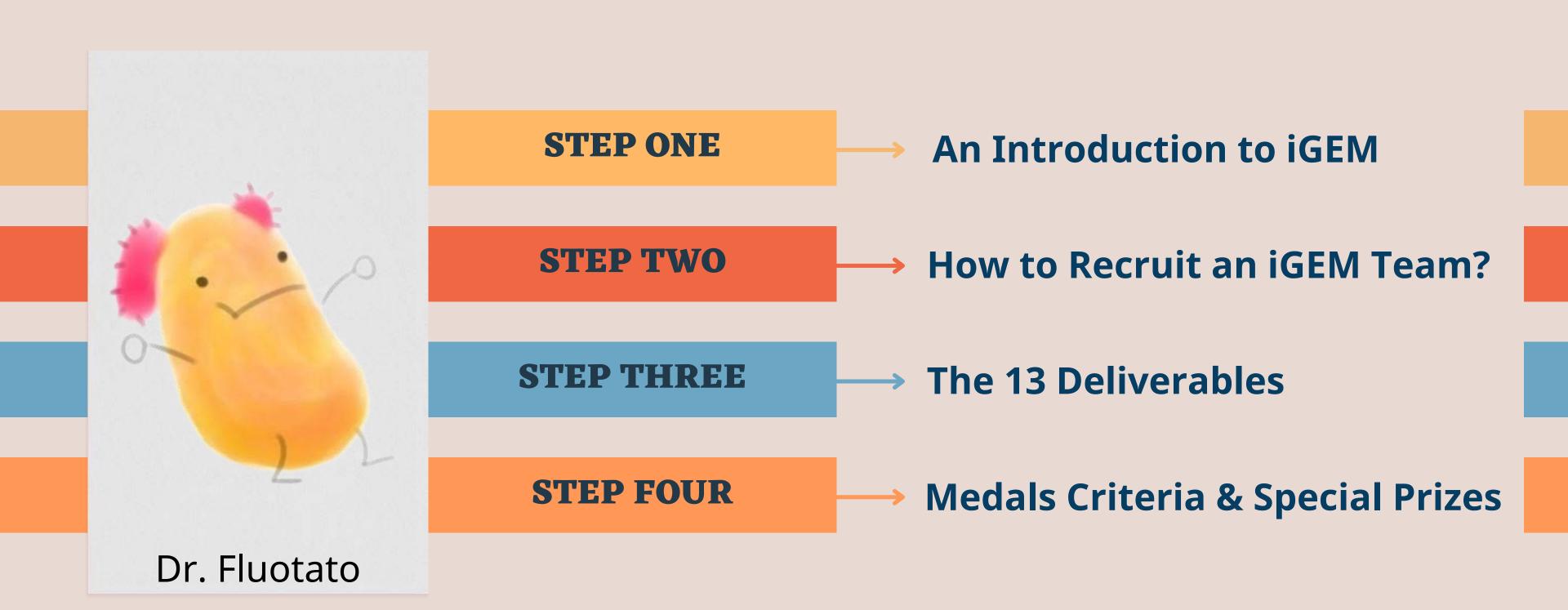
AN INTRODUCTION TO IGEM

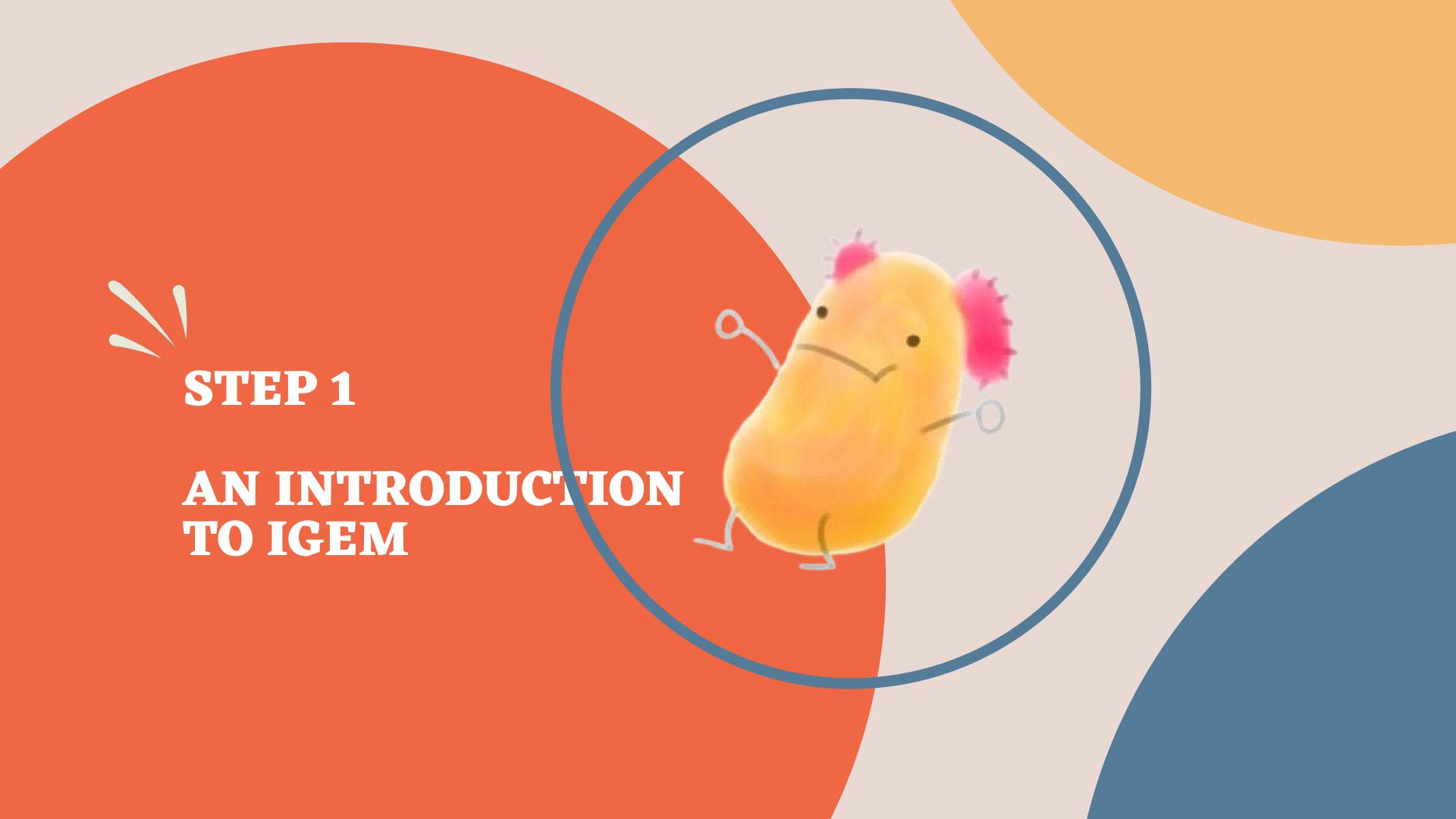


iGEM

International Genetically Engineered Machine Competition

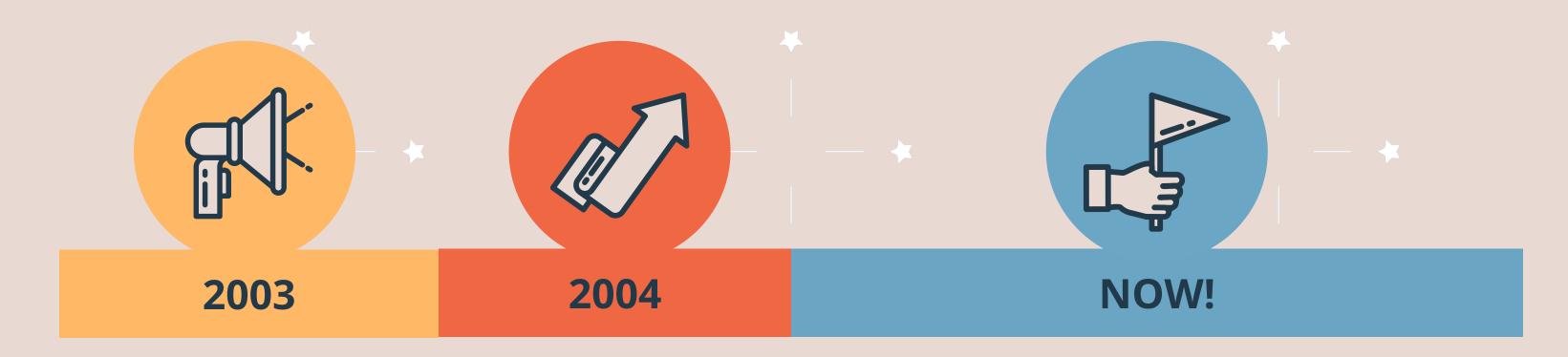
HOW TO START MY IGEM JOURNEY?





THE HISTORY OF IGEM

"Can Students Work Together To **Build Working Biological Devices**Within a Summer?"



FOUNDATION

Founded by MIT, The United State

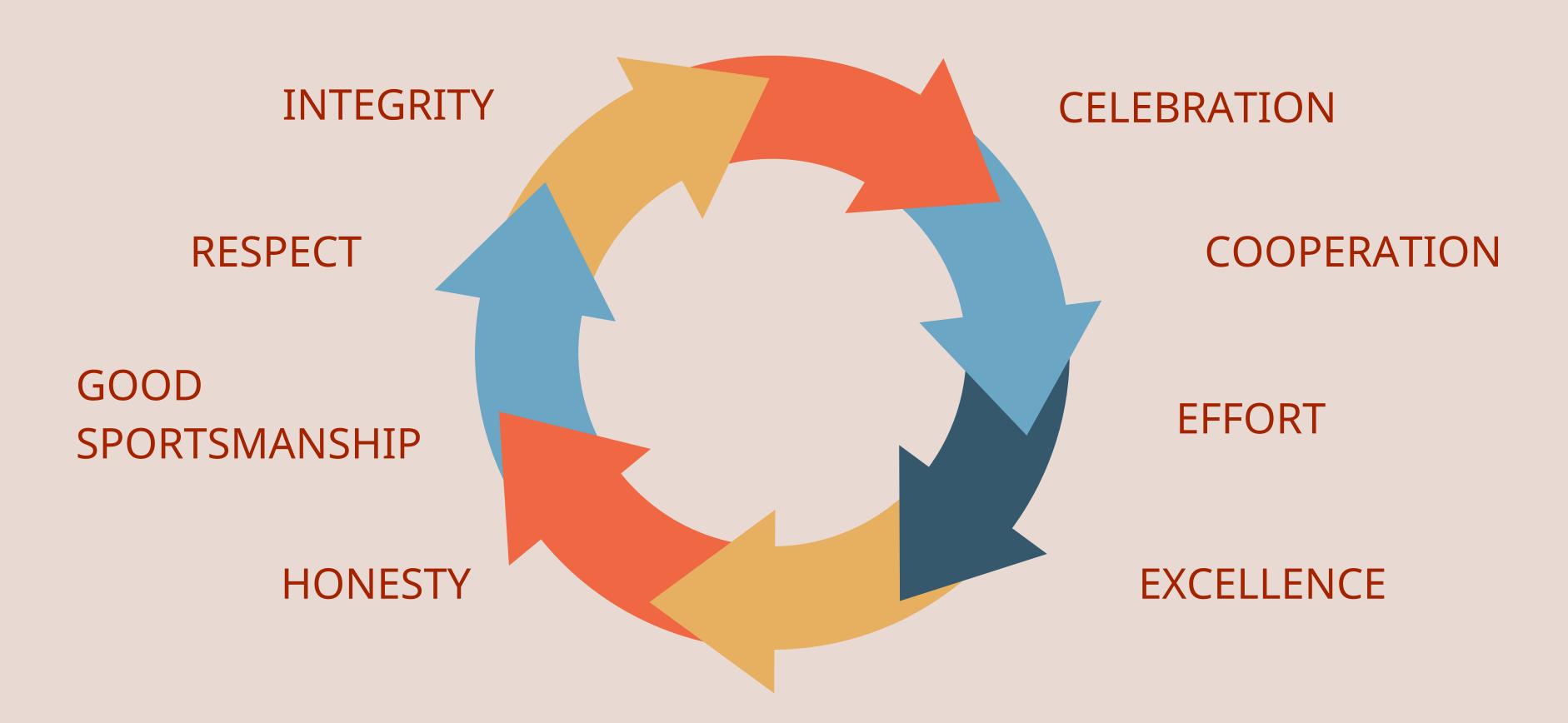
START-UP

"iGEMers are pioneers in synthetic biology."

EVERY YEAR COMPETITION

Use **synthetic biology** to tackle problems however they see fit.

THE IGEM VALUES



TRACKS

Diagnostics Therapeutics Climate Crisis Environment Conservation Food & Nutrition













Biomanufacturing



Industrial Scale-Up



Energy



Foundational Advance

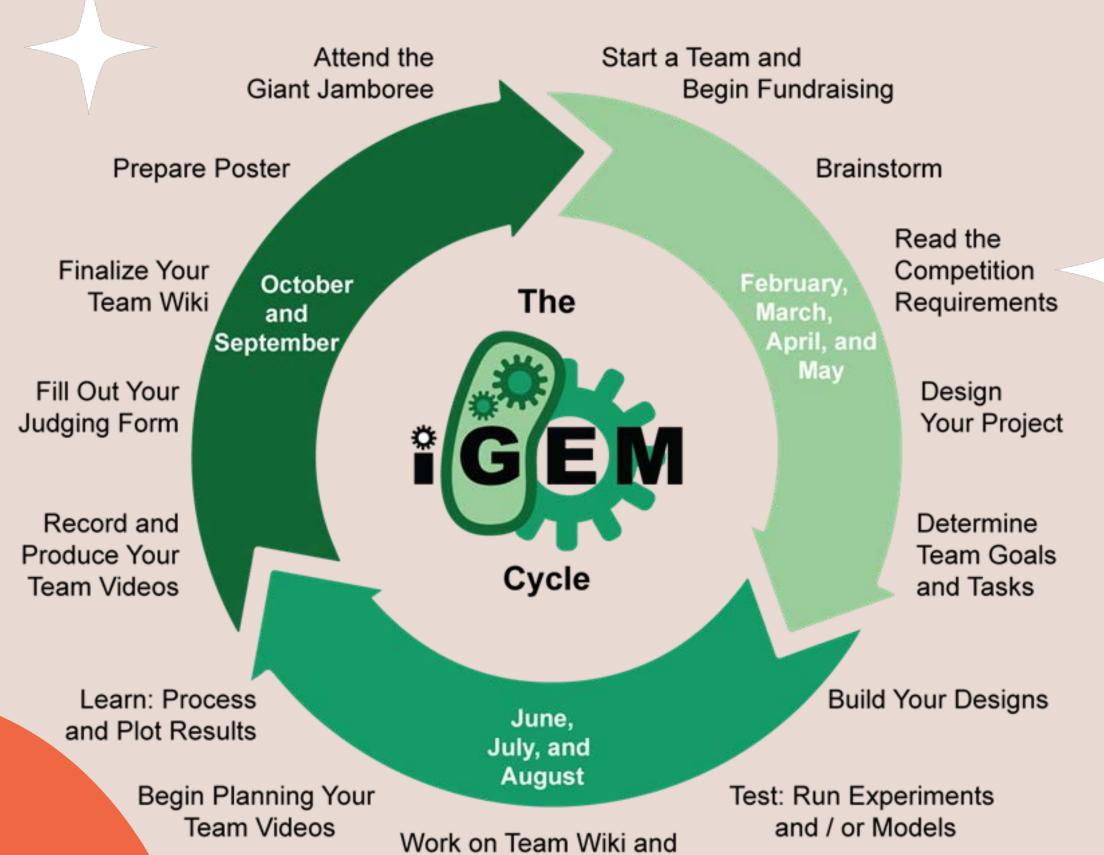


Software & AI High School





THE IGEM CYCLE



Registry Pages



HOW TO RECRUIT AN IGEM TEAM?

The creation of computer-generated models or simulations, and the development of hardware device.

WET LAB

Design plasmid and execute experiments to achieve our project goals.

DRY LAB

HUMAN PRACTICES

The study of how our work affects the world, and how the world affects our work.

How we will communicate our entire project to the world.

WIKI



WET LAB

DESIGN PLASMID AND EXECUTE EXPERIMENTS TO ACHIEVE OUR PROJECT GOALS.

- Design the experiments
- Design or Improve a part
- Use biological techniques to build constructs



DRY LAB

THE CREATION OF
COMPUTER-GENERATED
MODELS OR SIMULATIONS,
AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF
THE HARDWARE DEVICE.

- Software Tool
- Modeling
- Hardware Device



HUMAN PRACTICES

THE STUDY OF HOW OUR WORK AFFECTS THE WORLD, AND HOW THE WORLD AFFECTS OUR WORK.

- Experts consultation
- Entrepreneurship visiting
- Collaboration
- Proposed Implementation
- Education & Communication



WIKI

HOW WE WILL COMMUNICATE OUR ENTIRE PROJECT TO THE WORLD.

- Design the WIKI page
- Including Programming and artwork design

Which group should I join?

Programming skills (Python, C++, MATLAB)

Interested in predicting outcomes using software tools

• Has experience in 3D modeling or deep

learning

A fresh liver

Willing to accept failure (and doesn't give up)

Interested in doing hands-on work

• Has experience in an microbiological lab

Human

WIKI

Dry Lab

Wet Lab

Practices

• Enjoy communicating with people

• Interested/has experience in publicizing a project/product

Good word processing & oral skills

• Creative, lots of inspiration

• Coding ability (HTML, CSS, JS)

• Interested in artwork and layout design

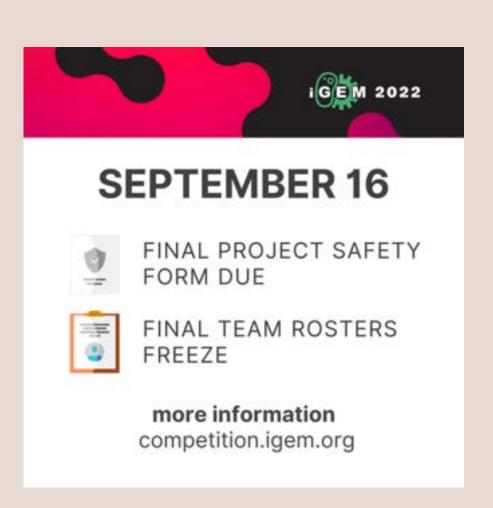
iGEM is a multidisciplinary team!!



THE DELIVERABLES



"Identifying and managing risks from the technology is everyone's responsibility."





Where we declare our team's completion of **medal criteria** and **special prizes**.



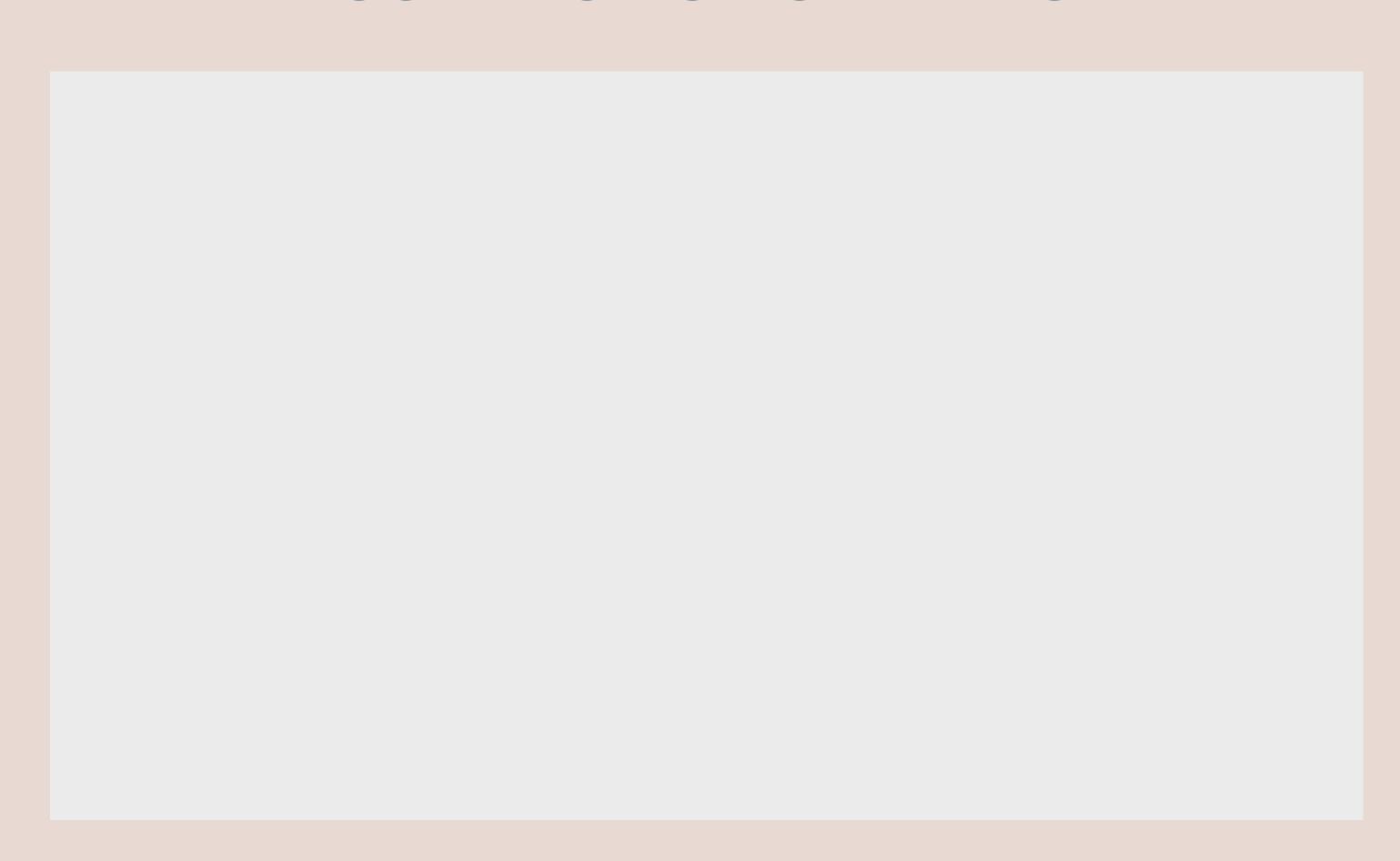
3. PROMOTION VIDEO

A 2-min introduction to our project:

- The problem
- Our solution
- The engineering
- Its impact



OUR PROMOTION VIDEO



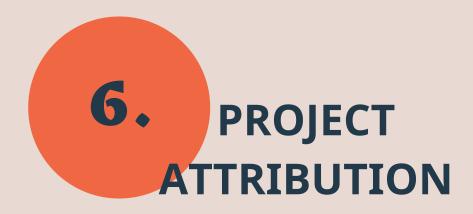
THE DELIVERABLES

4.
TEAM WIKI

How we will communicate our entire project to the world.

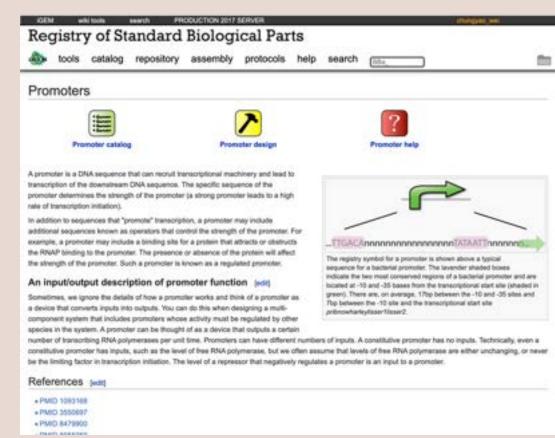


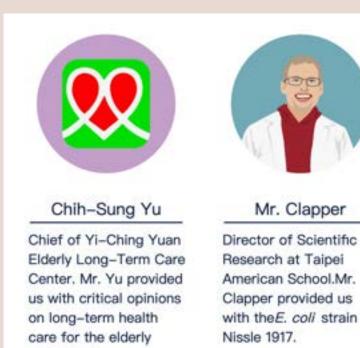
A growing collection of genetic parts that can be mixed and matched to build synthetic biology devices and systems.



About what we did yourselves and what we had help with.







community.



iGEM team TAS_Taipei

The iGEM team from Taipei American School. Team TAS_Taipei kindly helped us perform a confirmatory experiment.

THE DELIVERABLES

7. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A **detailed introduction** to our iGEM project.

8.
TITLE AND ABSTRACT

Accurately **reflect the work we completed** in our team project and provide **a brief summary** of our project.

9.
TRACK SELECTION

The purpose of the iGEM tracks is to help teams **focus on their projects.**

Description



Overview

The project of 2021 NYCU-Taipei iGEM Team—"NATTO IT OUT", presents a gene-edited E. coli Nissle 1917 (EcN) product that could produce Nattokinase and could also be remote-controlled by an optogenetic system. Nattokinase has proven to be a good thrombolytic agent; therefore, it could serve as a promising supplement to prevent cardiovascular diseases [1, 2, 3]. Our project specifically targets groups at high risk of deep vein thrombosis (DVT). Our project "NATTO IT OUT" aims to "use Nattokinase to wipe out thrombosis".





THE DELIVERABLES

10.
TEAM ROSTER

The **official record of everyone** who is involved with the iGEM team.

13.
JUDGING SESSION

This is the opportunity to deliver our project presentation, and have indepth question/answer time with our judging panel.

11.
TEAM
PRESSENTATION

To communicate our project to others in an informative and engaging manner.

12.
TEAM BOOTH

This interactive space will be used by teams to talk to other Jamboree attendees and iGEM teams about their project.





MEDALS & CRITERIA

1.
BRONZE MEDAL

- Competition Deliverables
- Project Attributions
- Project Description
- Contribution

2. SILVER MEDAL

- Engineering Success
- Collaboration
- Human Practices
- Proposed Implementation

3 of the 6 criteria must be met.

GOLD MEDAL

- Integrated Human Practices
- Improvement of an Existing Part
- Project Modeling
- Proof of Concept
- Partnership
- Education & Communication

BEST MEASUREMENT

SPECIAL PRIZES

1.
BEST EDUCATION



5. BEST MEASUREMENT



BEST HARDWARE



6.
BEST MODEL



3. INCLUSIVITY AWARD



7.
BEST NEW
BASIC PART



BEST INTEGRATED HUMAN PRACTICE

8.
BEST NEW
COMPOSITE PART



SPECIAL PRIZES

9.
BEST PART
COLLECTION



13. BEST SOFTWARE TOOL



10. BEST PLANT SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY



BEST
SUPPORTING
ENTREPREURSHIP



BEST
PRESENTATION



BEST SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT IMPACT



SAFETY AND SECURITY AWARD



16.

BEST WIKI



PART 3

WHAT DID
NYCU_TAIPEI DO
THIS YEAR?

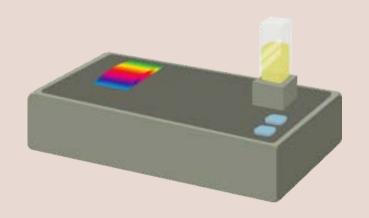


NYCU-Taipei 2022 E. COLOR

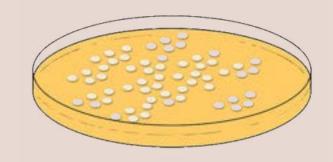


BACKGROUND

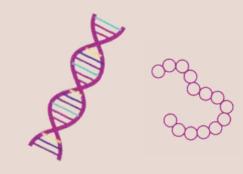
- *E. coli* is an important model organism in many fields of research.
- Monitoring bacterial growth status is vital for determining the accurate induction time point for protein production.
- Various approaches have been developed to monitor microbial growth, each with advantages and shortcomings.



OD600 measurement
Precipitants in liquid culture
reduce accuracy



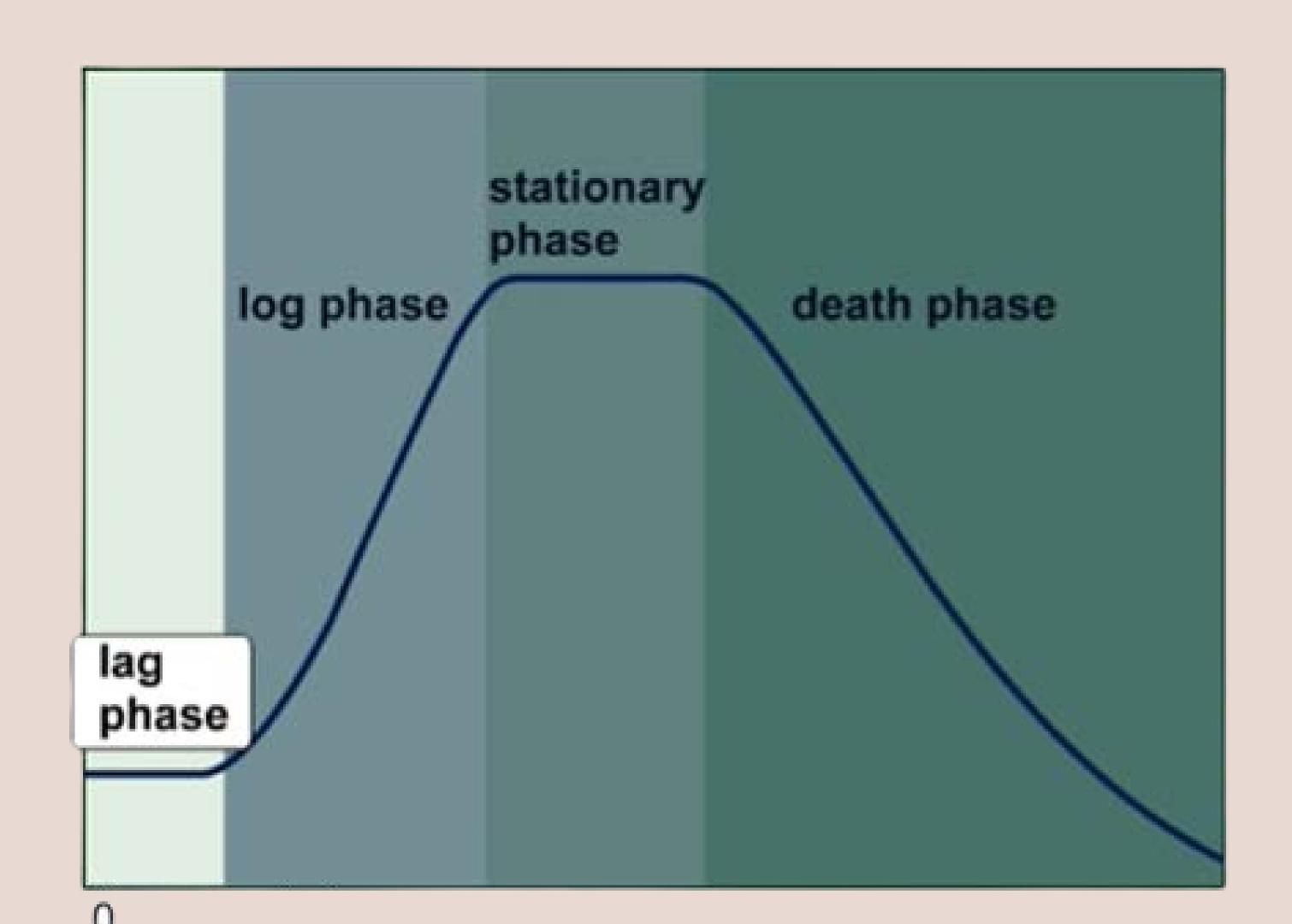
Culture cell count
Requires time for bacteria
to grow into colony



Biochemical assay
Expensive reagents
Do not provide true cell count



Flow cytometry / qPCR
Expensive and
technique-demanding



GOALS

1. Improve the working environment of microbiological researchers

- Allow users to remotely trace bacteria growth
- Save time, manpower and the possibility of introducing variables to bacterial culture
- Increase accessibility by reducing cost and technical threshold

2. Enhance the efficiency and yield of mass production

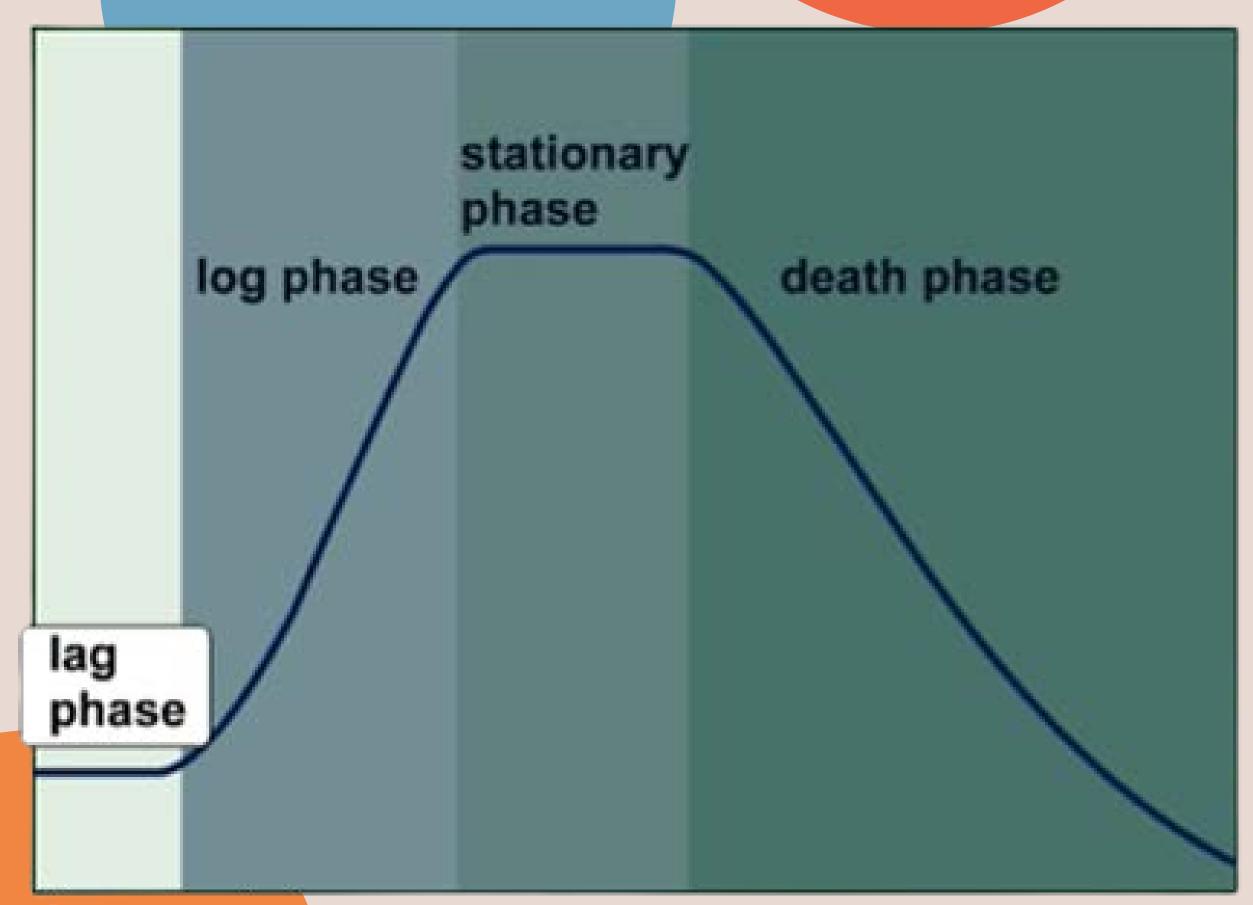
- Assist in determining the induction time point for protein expression
- Increase drug production (e.g. monoclonal antibodies) in the pharmaceutical industry

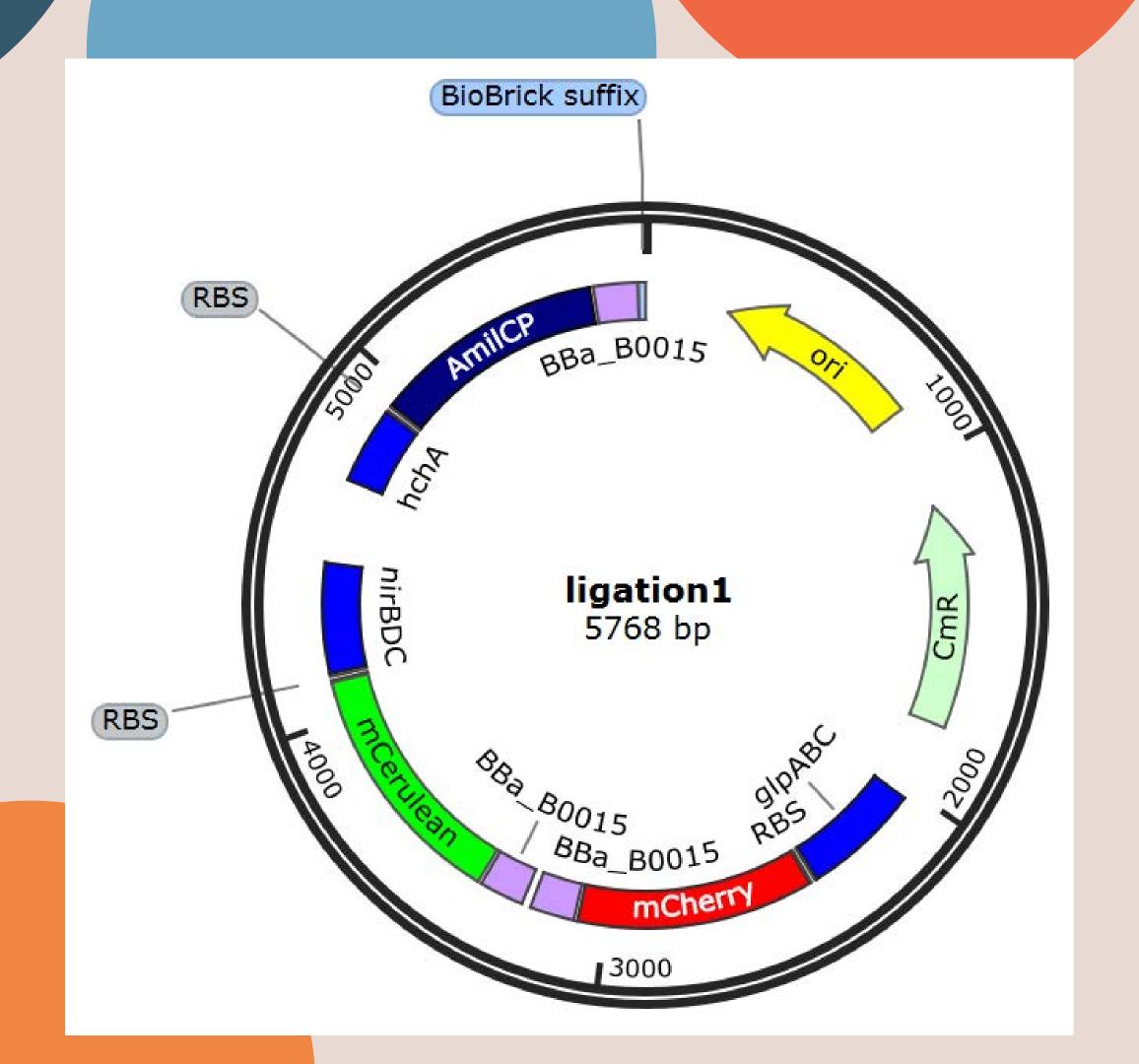
3. Environmental and clinical applications

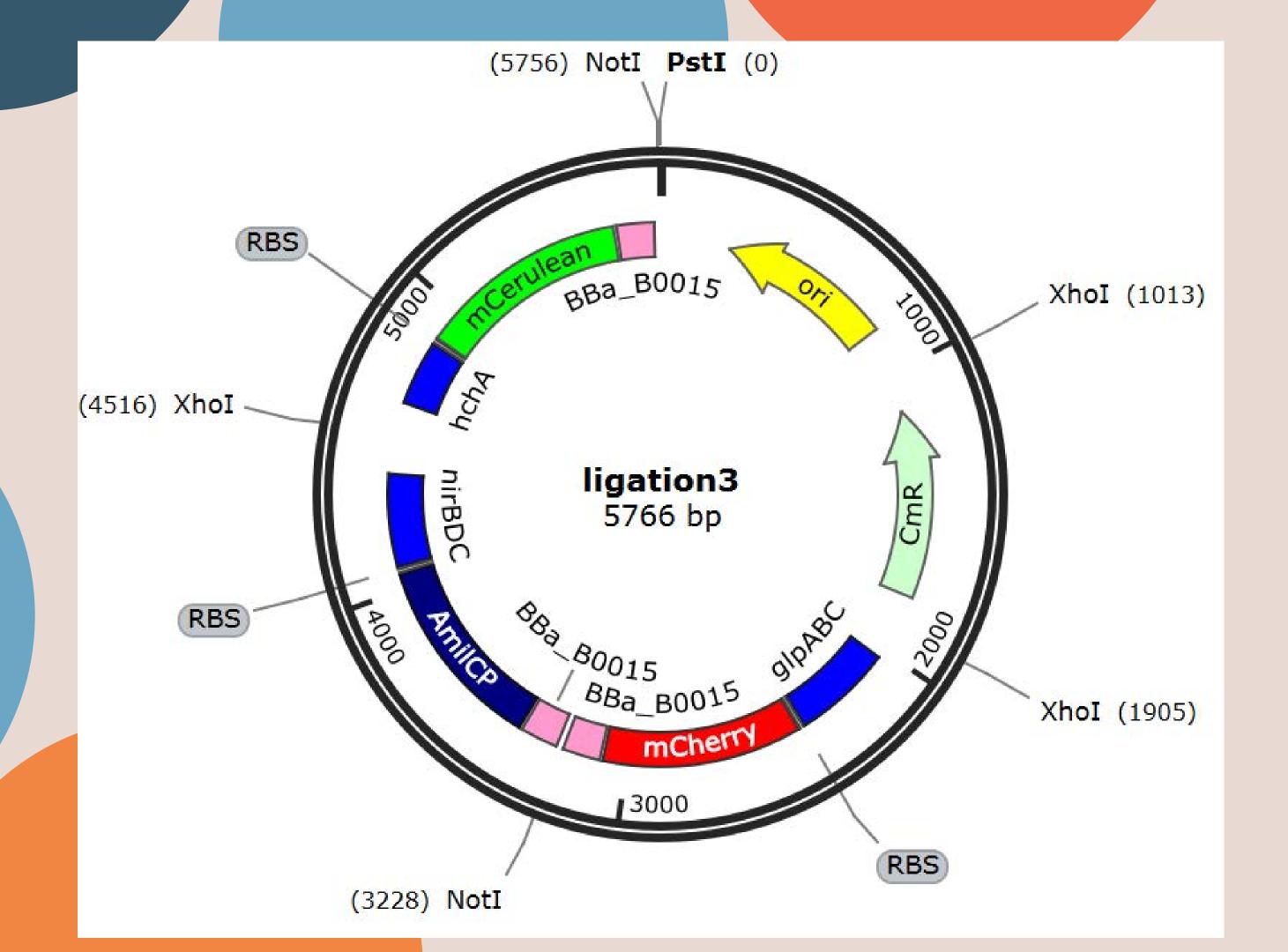
- Serve as an auxiliary tool for drug screening in clinical environments
- Determine whether bacteria is resistant or susceptible to specific environmental conditions









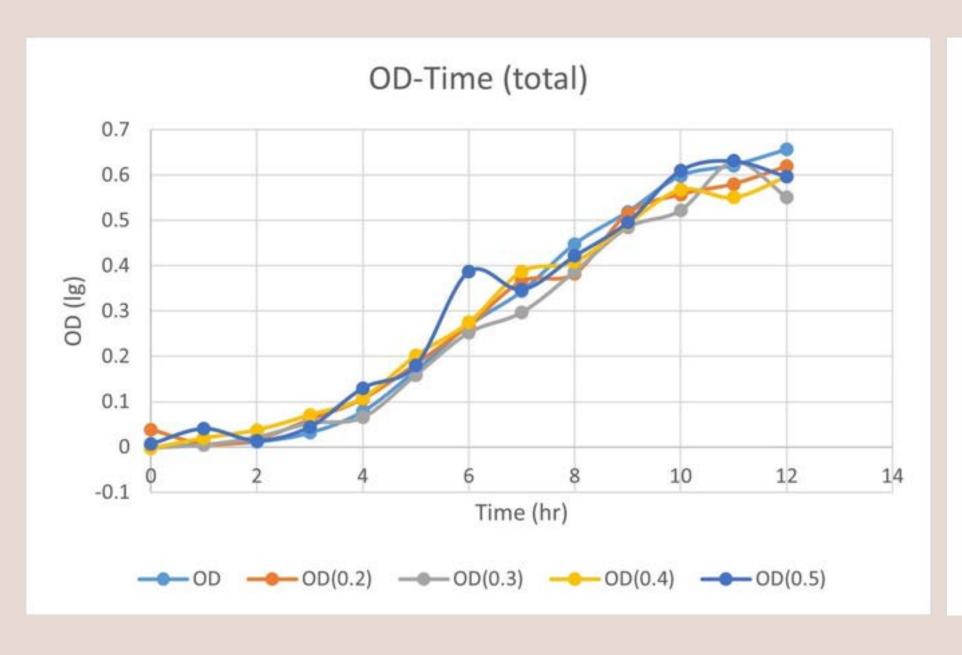


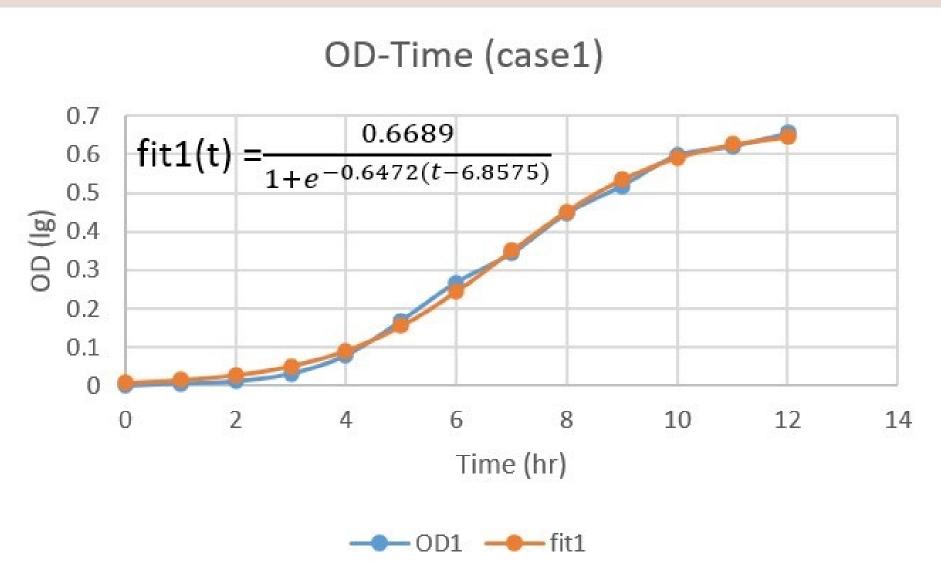




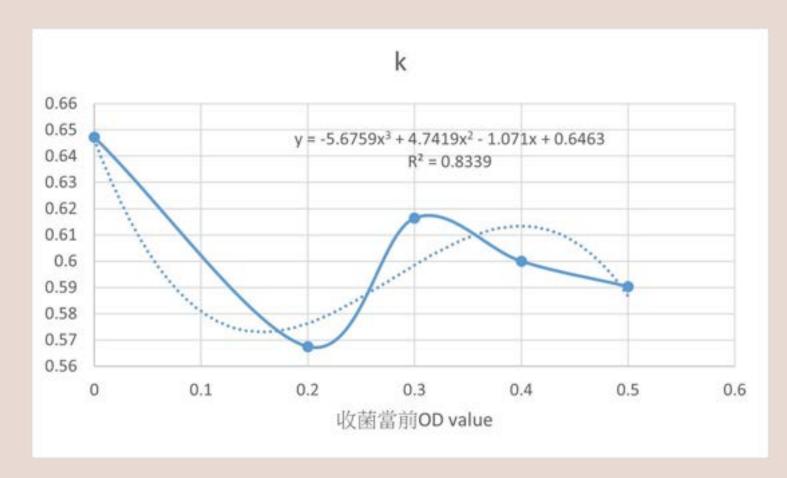
MODELING

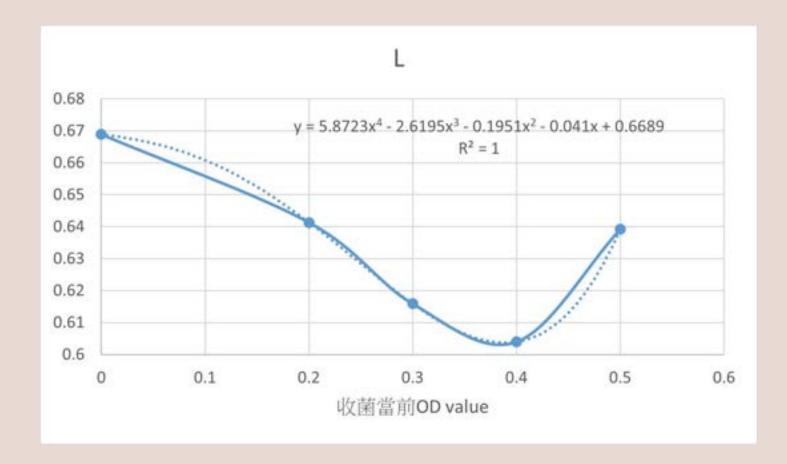
Example: Modeling the growth curve under different harvest timepoint of bacterial culture

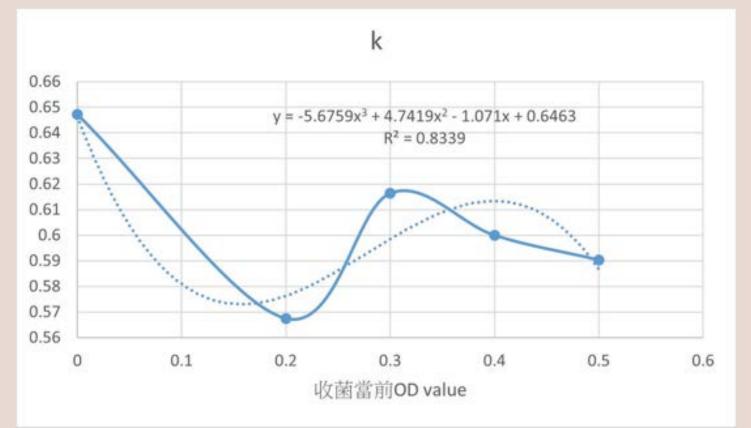




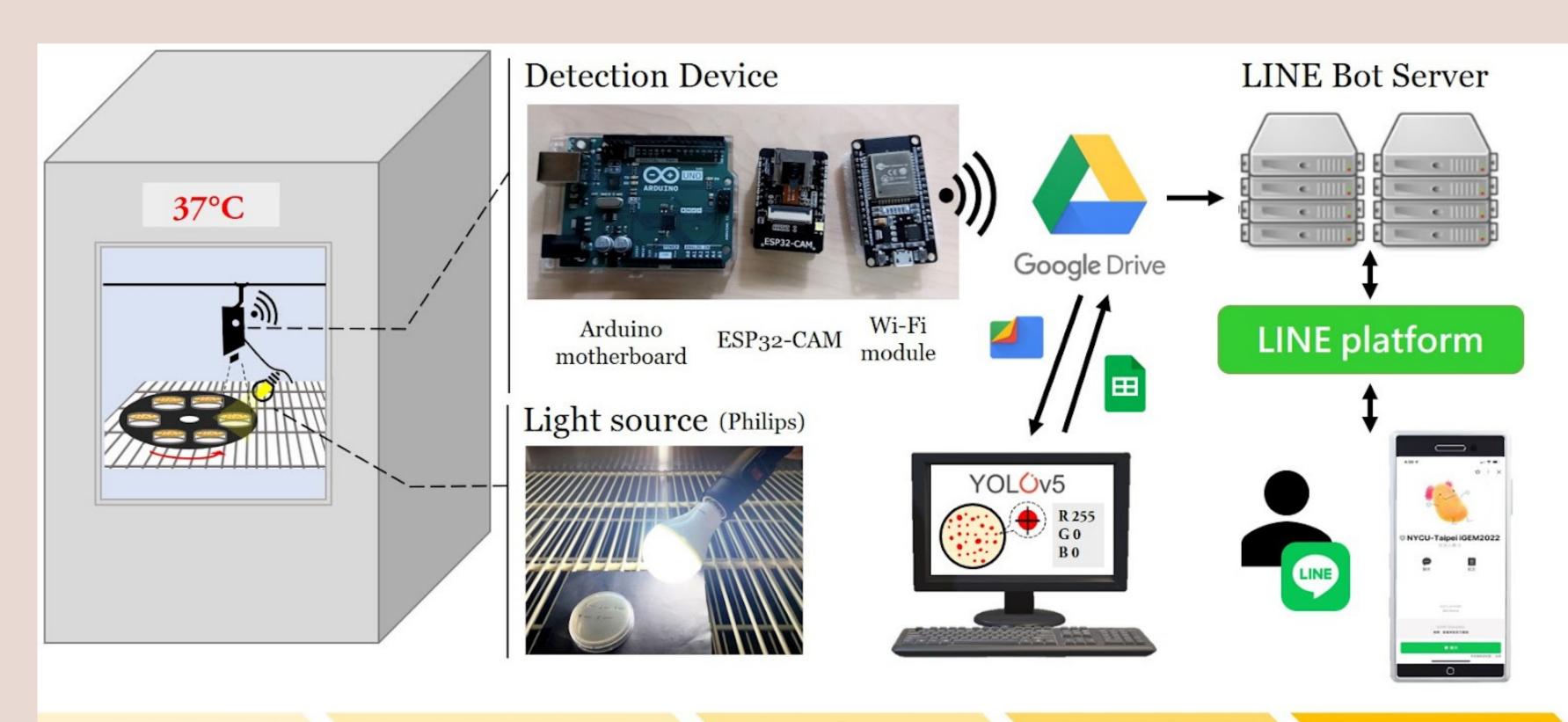
MODELING







OUR DEVICE



Camera detects colonies on agar plate Image collection by Arduino and data transmission to Google Drive through Wi-Fi

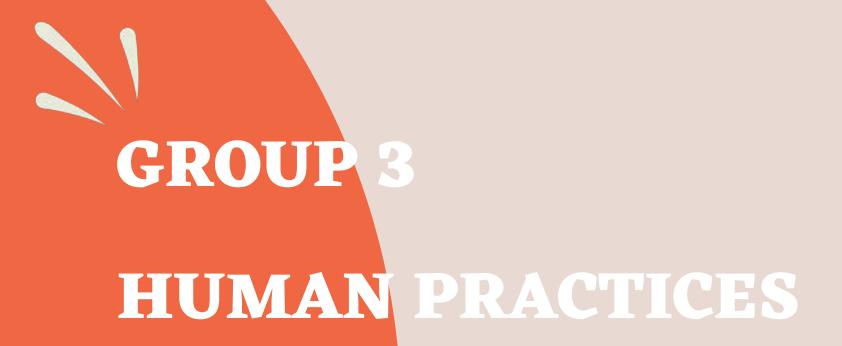
Object detection using YOLOv5 & OpenCV

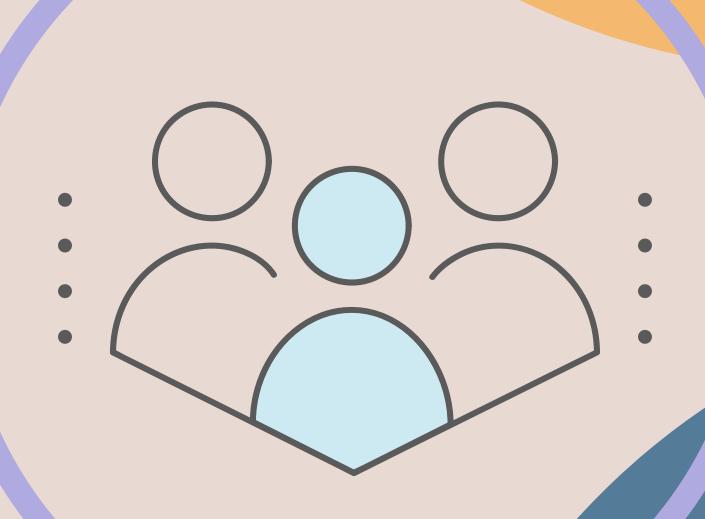
Upload statistics onto Google Cloud Data output to client terminal using LINE bot

COLONY DETECTION

- Center coordinate and RGB value of colonies are detected by YOLOv5 and OpenCV
- Data is transmitted onto Google sheet







WHAT WE DID FOR HUMAN PRACTICES







BACKGOUND RESEARCH

COLLABORATION

EDUCATION & COMMUNICATION

Expert consultation
Biotech company
product questionnaire

2022 ARS
HKUST
WEGO_Taipei
Taiwan Synbio Alliance

Taipei Ameican School Street Symposium Instagram Post







BACKGROUND RESEARCH

E.color

Precise and Automatic Detection of Cellular Status for Basic and Medical Applications

2022 NYCU-Taipei iGEM team

[2022 iGEM NYCU_Taipei] Product Questionnaire

Greetings!

We are NYCU-Taipei from Taiwan, one of the participating teams in the 2022 International Genetically Engineered Machine Competition (iGEM). In this competition, we apply synthetic biology to solve real life issues, and design products that are convenient and applicable to

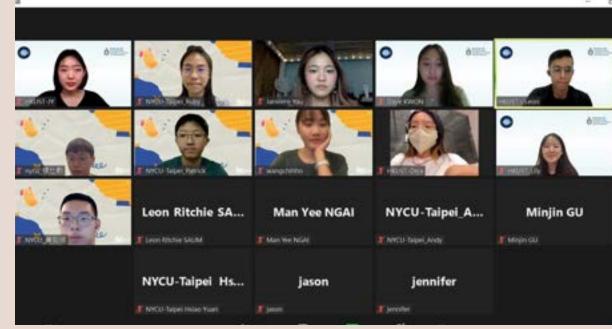
[國立陽明交通大學 iGEM團隊-產品調查 問卷]

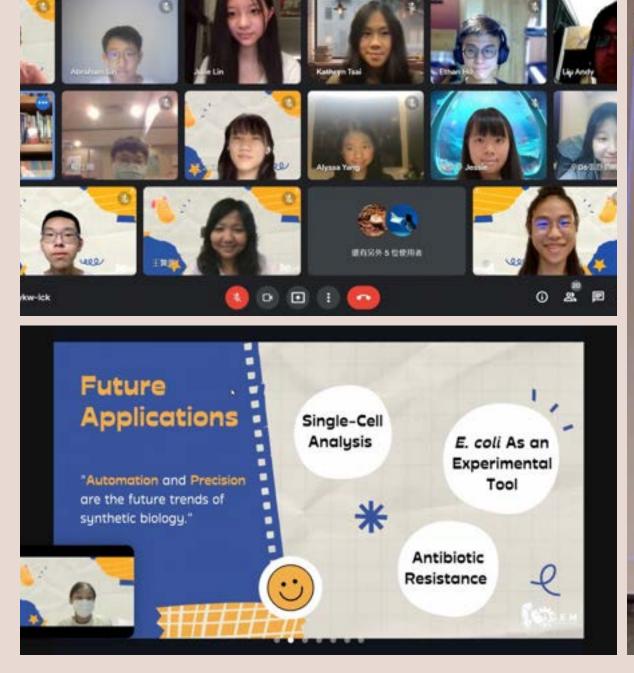
親愛的研究者 您好,

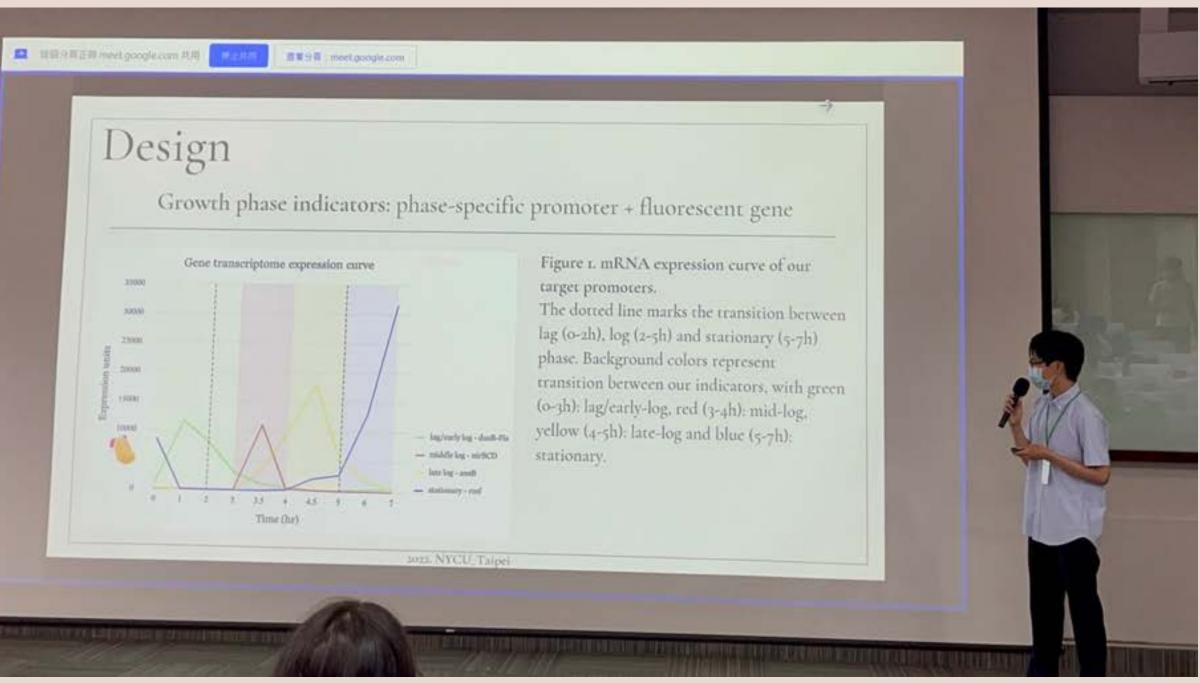
我們是陽明交通大學 iGEM 團隊 NYCU-Taipei,今年將代表學校參加國際遺傳工程 機器設計競賽 (International Genetically Engineered Machine Competition, iGEM)。 我們希望能運用合成生物學 (synthetic biology) 解決當今社會所面臨的問題,並設 計出便利且應用價值高的產品。

我們的 project 結合基因工程與硬體設計, 開發出一套能「利用螢光自動化辨識細菌生 長狀態」的工具 (fluorescent growth status indicator)。使用者可以透過我們的LINE Bot 遠端追蹤細菌的生長,並藉由菌落顏色、大 小及數量對應其生長階段。

COLLABORATION

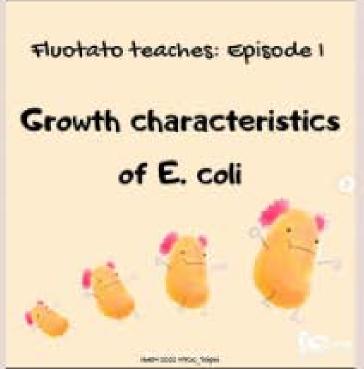






COMMUNICATION & EDUCATION



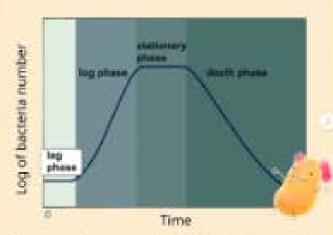


All organisms are able to grow, reproduce, and adapt to their surrounding environments.



Bacteria, one of the fastest reproducing organisms, grows at an astonishing rate when there are plenty of nutrients. Gradually, the growth rate decreases when nutrients are insufficient to meet the demand of the increasing population. When growth rate = death rate, the cell population remains constant.

For a better understanding, let's draw out the **growth** curve of our model organism, Escherichia coli (E. coli) I

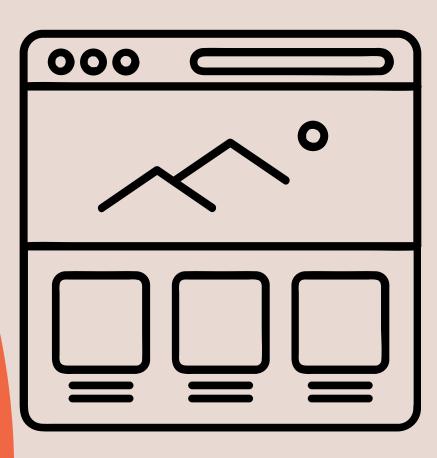


The growth curve can be divided into four main stages: lag, log, stationary and death phase.

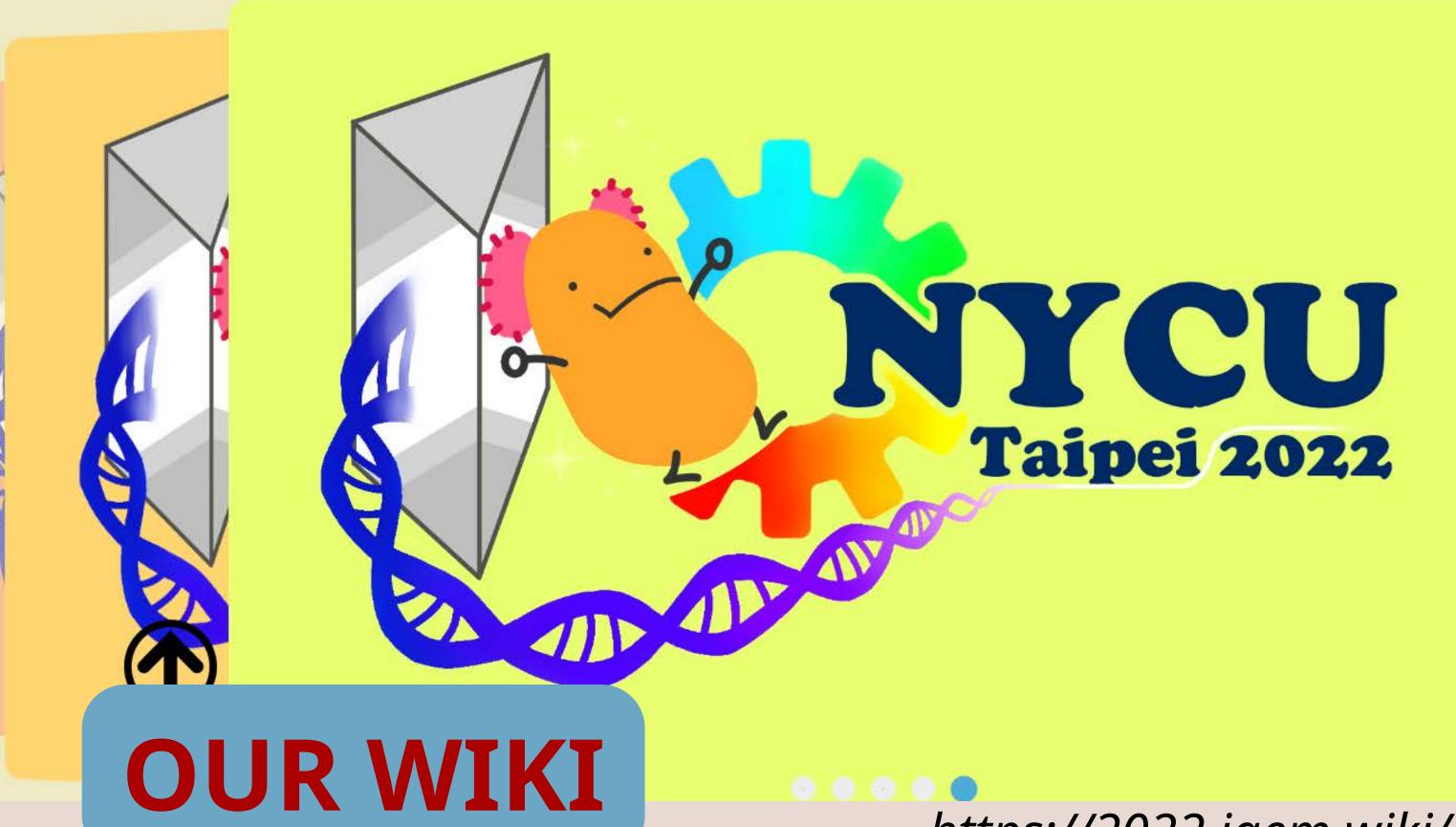
Harman College Japan



GROUP 4 WIKI





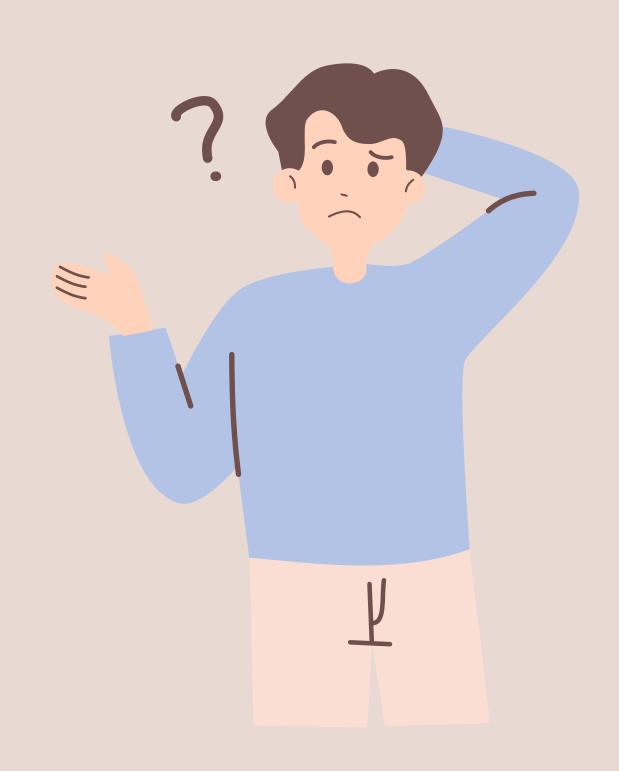






https://2022.igem.wiki/nycu-taipei/

Method









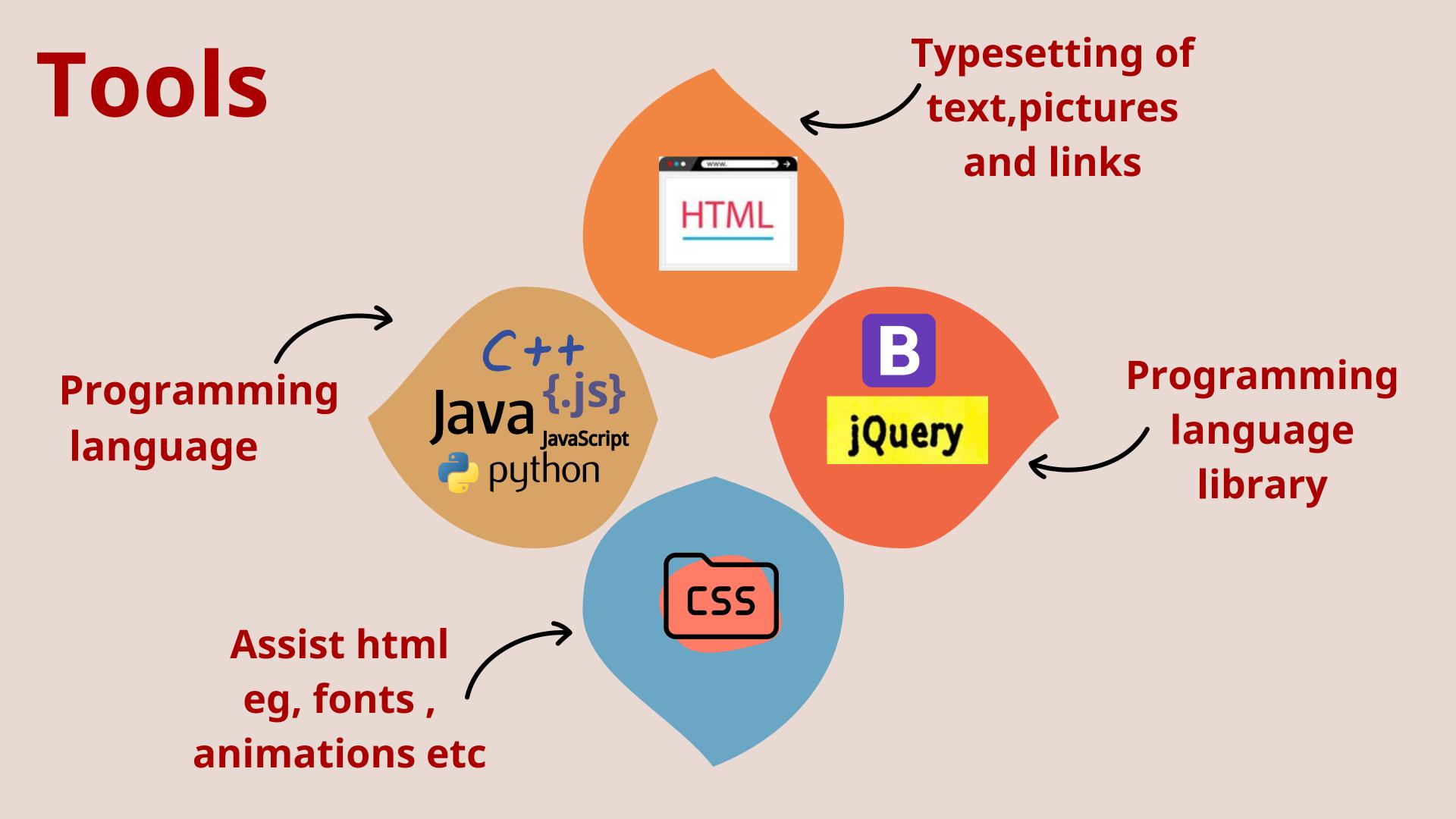
Step one

Edit
IGEM Templates



Step two

Create your own style



IMPORTANCE





Schedule



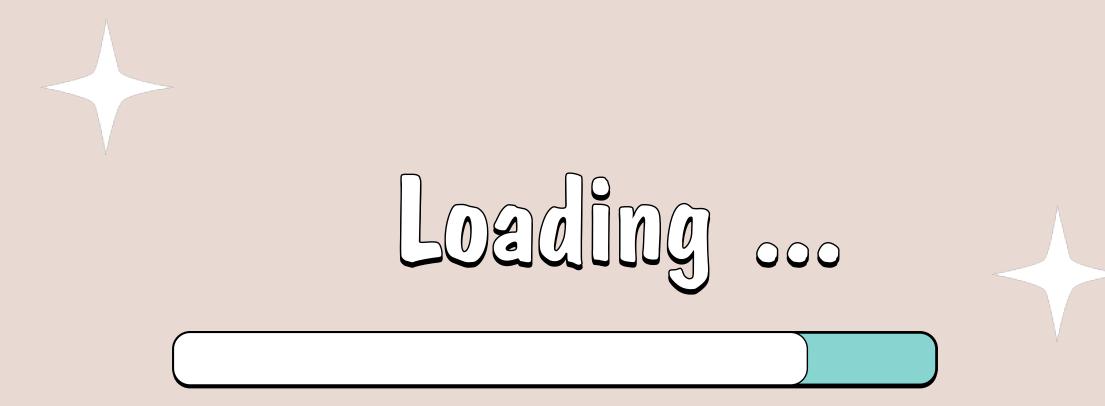
Reference

How your team wants to present

Start before your lab experiments

Learn from works of other teams or your seniors

WIKI ON PROGRESS



https://2022.igem.wiki/nycu-taipei/

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING!